

# STIC Search Report

### STIC Database Tracking Number: 113671

TO: Michael Mendoza Location: cp2 3b27

Art Unit: 3761

Case Serial Number: 09/731318

From: Jeanne Horrigan

**Location: EIC 3700** 

**CP2-2C08** 

Phone: 305-5934

jeanne.horrigan@uspto.gov

### Search Notes

Attached are the search results for the receptacles to facilitate the extraction of powders, including prior art searches in foreign and international patent databases; medical device, packaging technology, and general sci/tech non-patent literature databases; and the Web via the Scirus and Google search engines.

Generally I did not get abstracts or "key words in context" for foreign/international patent titles that just mention inhalers. However, at least some of these patents might also cover the packets of powder used in the inhalers. I will be happy to get the abstracts or full text of any of these if you want.

Also attached is a search feedback form. Completion of the form is voluntary. Your completing this form would help us improve our search services.

I hope the attached information is useful. Please feel free to contact me (phone 305-5934 or email jeanne.horrigan@uspto.gov) if you have any questions or need additional searching on this application.

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Questions about the scope or the results of the search? Contact the EIC searcher or contact:

John Sims, EIC 3700 Team Leader 308-4836, CP2-2C08

Voluntary Results Feedback Fourt	_
> I am an examiner in Workgroup: Example: 3730	
> Relevant prior art found, search results used as follows:	
☐ 103 rejection ☐ Cited as being of interest.	
<ul><li>Helped examiner better understand the invention.</li><li>Helped examiner better understand the state of the art in their technology.</li></ul>	
Types of relevant prior art found: ☐ Foreign Patent(s)	
<ul> <li>Non-Patent Literature         (journal articles, conference proceedings, new product announcements etc.)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Relevant prior art not found:</li> <li>Results verified the lack of relevant prior art (helped determine patentability).</li> <li>Results were not useful in determining patentability or understanding the invention.</li> </ul>	٠
omments:	

Droploff or send completed forms to STIC/EIC3700 GP2/2C08





PTO-1590 (8-01)

Access DB# 113671

### SEARCH REQUEST FORM

### Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name: Michael Art Unit: 37 Phone Mail Box and Bldg/Room Location	Number 30 5 - 32 84	Examiner #: 79011 Date: 2/5/04 Serial Number: 06/721 2/6 Sults Format Preferred (circle): PAPER DISK E-MAIL						
If more than one search is submitted, please prioritize searches in order of need.								
**************************************								
Title of Invention: Receptacles	to facilitate	the extention of semiles						
Inventors (please provide full names):	Steve Paboojia	the extraction of privilers ri, Carlos Scholer, Andrew Clark						
Earliest Priority Filing Date: 12	17/1999							
	7 7 7	 (parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the						
appropriate serial number.	•	reserve and an isomate, or issued purent numbers) along with the						
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STAFF USE ONLY	Type of Search	Vendors and cost where applicable						
Searcher: Jame Hungan	NA Sequence (#)	STN						
Searcher Phone #:	AA Sequence (#)	Dialog						
Searcher Location:	Structure (#)	Questel/Orbit						
Date Searcher Picked Up:	Bibliographic	Dr.Link						
Date Completed:	Litigation	Lexis/Nexis						
Searcher Prep & Review Time:	Fulltext	Sequence Systems						
Clerical Prep Time:	Patent Family	WWW/Internet						
Online Time:	Other	Other (specify)						

ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan Serial 09/731318 February 10, 2004

File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2004/UD, UM &UP=200409 File 347: JAPIO Oct 1976-2003/Oct (Updated 040202) File 371:French Patents 1961-2002/BOPI 200209 6 AU='PABOOJIAN S' S2 24 AU='SCHULER C' S3 45 AU='CLARK A' S1 AND S2 AND S3 S4 5 S5 610787 RECEPTACLE? OR CONTAINER? ? S6 616460 POWDER?? OR TALC **S**7 9 S1:S3 AND S5 AND S6 5 S7 NOT S4 **S8** 

### 4/26,TI/2 (Item 2 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

013948523

WPI Acc No: 2001-432737/200146

Conditioning packaged powder such as drugs, involves subjecting receptacle to energy pulse to increase efficiency of powder extraction from chamber when gas is supplied

### 4/26,TI/3 (Item 3 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

013924233

WPI Acc No: 2001-408446/200143.

Powder aerosolizing method used for aerosolizing powdered medicament, involves forming inlet opening in receptacle having powder filled cavity, and flowing pressurized gas through opening, cavity and extraction tube

### 4/26,TI/4 (Item 4 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

013607466

WPI Acc No: 2001-091674/200110

Aerosolizing a pharmaceutical formulation, comprises using a flow of respiratory gases to extract the pharmaceutical formulation from a receptacle and to place the formulation within the flow of gases

### 4/7/1 (Item 1 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

013957399 \*\*Image available\*\*

WPI Acc No: 2001-441613/200147

Receptacle for extraction of powdered drugs in pulmonary drug delivery, comprises receptacle body defining enclosed cavity and having top, bottom ends, bottom end includes raised central region extending into cavity

Patent Assignee: INHALE THERAPEUTIC SYSTEMS INC (INHA-N); CLARK A (CLAR-I); PABOOJIAN S (PABO-I); SCHULER C (SCHU-I)

Inventor: CLARK A ; PABOOJIAN S ; SCHULER C

Number of Countries: 095 Number of Patents: 006

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week WO 200143529 A2 20010621 WO 2000US34037 A 20001215 200147 AU 200125801 A 20010625 AU 200125801 Α 20001215 200162 US 20010029947 A1 20011018 US 99172317 P 19991217 200166

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US 2000731318
                                               20001206
                                           Α
                                               20001215 200267
EP 1237608
                  20020911 EP 2000989270
                                           Α
              A2
                            WO 2000US34037 A
                                               20001215
                           WO 2000US34037 A
JP 2003516780 W
                  20030520
                                               20001215 200334
                            JP 2001544481
                                           Α
                                               20001215
                           WO 2000US34037 A
MX 2002006011 A1
                  20030101
                                               20001215
                                                        200373
                            MX 20026011
                                           Α
                                               20020617
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Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 99172317 P 19991217; US 2000731318 A 20001206

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes WO 200143529 A2 E 32 B65D-000/00

Designated States (National): AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW

AU 200125801 A B65D-000/00 Based on patent WO 200143529

US 20010029947 A1 B05D-007/14 Provisional application US 99172317

EP 1237608 A2 E A61M-015/00 Based on patent WO 200143529

Designated States (Regional): AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI TR

JP 2003516780 W 38 A61M-013/00 Based on patent WO 200143529 MX 2002006011 A1 B05B-011/06 Based on patent WO 200143529

Abstract (Basic): WO 200143529 A2

NOVELTY - The receptacle (10) comprises a receptacle body (12) defining an enclosed cavity (20) and having a top end (14) and a bottom end (16). The bottom end includes a raised central region (26) that extends upwardly into the cavity. The receptacle body further comprises at least one curved wall (24) which in combination with raised central region forms semi-toroidal geometry in the cavity.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A portion of the bottom end is flat. The top end has a central hole and multiple vents which are covered by a removable cover attached to the top end. The receptacle body further includes a tab extending from the cavity.

INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- (a) Method for aerosolizing a powder;
- (b) Method for aerosolizing a powdered medicament;
- (c) Apparatus for aerosolizing a powdered medicament;
- (d) System for aerosolizing a powdered medicament; and
- (e) A powder extraction system

USE - For holding fine powdered medicament in a powder extraction system used in pulmonary drug delivery.

ADVANTAGE - The cavity is configured to facilitate extraction of substantially all the powder contained in the receptacle, when air or another gas is drawn through the cavity. Air flow through the cavity serves as scrubber to remove powder from walls of the cavity, from where it is drawn into extraction tube. A tab extending from cavity facilitates handling of receptacle, when it is inserted into an aerosolizing device. The flat geometry of the bottom end of receptacle body facilitates the placement of receptacle onto holder.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the perspective view of receptacle showing vents formed in top end and an extraction tube that has been inserted into the top end.

Receptacle (10)

Receptacle body (12)
Top end (14)
Bottom end (16)
Cavity (20)
Raised central region (26)
Vents (32)
pp; 32 DwgNo 3/15

Derwent Class: B07; P34; P42; Q32; Q34

International Patent Class (Main): A61M-013/00; A61M-015/00; B05B-011/06; B05D-007/14; B65D-000/00

International Patent Class (Additional): A61M-016/00; B05B-007/14; B65D-083/06

### 4/7/5 (Item 5 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

013157217 \*\*Image available\*\*
WPI Acc No: 2000-329090/200028

Novel flow resistance modulated device for use to deliver an active agent formulation to the lung of a human patient, comprising a flow resistance modulator

Patent Assignee: INHALE THERAPEUTIC SYSTEMS INC (INHA-N); INHALE THERAPEUTIC SYSTEMS (INHA-N); NEKTA MEDICINES INC (NEKT-N); NEKTAR THERAPEUTICS (NEKT-N); CLARK A (CLAR-I); PABOOJIAN S (PABO-I); SCHULER C (SCHU-I)

Inventor: CLARK A ; PABOOJIAN S ; SCHULER C
Number of Countries: 088 Number of Patents: 016
Patent Family:

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Pa	tent No	Kind	Date	App	plicat No	Kind	Date	Week	
WO	200021594	A2	20000420	WO	990523698	Α	19991007	200028	В
AU	200012028	Α	20000501	AU	200012028	Α	19991007	200036	
BR	9914384	Α	20010626	BR	9914384	Α	19991007	200140	
				WO	99US23698	Α	19991007		
NO	200101742	Α	20010606	WO	99US23698	Α	19991007	200141	
				NO	20011742	Α	20010406		
ΕP	1119384	A2	20010801	ΕP	99970333	Α	19991007	200144	
				WO	99US23698	Α	19991007		
CZ	200101181	<b>A</b> 3	20010815	WO	99US23698	Α	19991007	200157	
				CZ	20011181	А	19991007		
SK	200100477	A3	20011008	WO	99US23698	Α	19991007	200163	
				SK	2001477	Α	19991007		
KR	2001075568	Α	20010809	KR	200170424	1 A	20010403	200211	
ZA	200102766	Α	20011224	ZA	20012766	Α	20010404	200212	
HU	200103805	A2	20020228	WO	99US23698	Α	19991007	200223	
				HU	20013805	Α	19991007		
MX	2001003614	A1	20010701	ΜX	20013614	Α	20010409	200236	
JP	2002527151	W	20020827	WO	99US23698	Α	19991007	200271	
				JP	200057556	6 A	19991007		•
US	20020168322	2 A1	20021114	US	98103702	P	19981009	200277	,
				US	99414384	Α	19991007		
ΑU	754724	В	20021121	ΑU	200012028	А	19991007	200305	
NZ	510853	Α	20030829	ΝZ	510853	Α	19991007	200365	
				WO	99US23698	Α	19991007		
CN	1447704	Α	20031008	CN	99811894	Α	19991007	200403	
Pr	Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 98103702 P 19981009: US 9941438								

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 98103702 P 19981009; US 99414384 A 19991007

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Patent Details:
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Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes WO 200021594 A2 E 29 A61M-015/00

Designated States (National): AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW

Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TZ UG ZW

AU 200012028 A Based on patent WO 200021594
BR 9914384 A A61M-015/00 Based on patent WO 200021594
NO 200101742 A A61M-015/00
EP 1119384 A2 E A61M-015/00 Based on patent WO 200021594

Designated States (Regional): AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI

CZ 200101181 A3 A61M-015/00 Based on patent WO 200021594 SK 200100477 A3 A61M-015/00 Based on patent WO 200021594

KR 2001075568 A A61M-015/00 ZA 200102766 A 41 A61M-000/00

HU 200103805 A2 A61M-015/00 Based on patent WO 200021594

MX 2001003614 A1 A61M-015/00

JP 2002527151 W 30 A61M-015/00 Based on patent WO 200021594

US 20020168322 A1 A61L-009/04 Provisional application US 98103702 AU 754724 B A61M-015/00 Previous Publ. patent AU 200012028

Based on patent WO 200021594 NZ 510853 A A61M-015/00 Based on patent WO 200021594

CN 1447704 A A61M-015/00

Abstract (Basic): WO 200021594 A2

NOVELTY - Device comprising a flow resistance modulator that modulates the resistance of the flow of an aerosolized active agent formulation to produce an initial target flow rate in a flow rate monitoring and patient instruction independent manner, is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is for a method of delivering an aerosolized active agent to the human lungs at a high flow resistance for an initial time period.

USE - The device is useful for the pulmonary delivery of an active agent formulation for increased systematic bioavailability via absorption in the deep lung. The active agent can be in dry powder form, nebulized, in a mixture with a propellant, a solution, a suspension, or a slurry (all claimed). The active agent may be, e.g. insulin, human growth hormone, interferon alpha or beta, low molecular weight heparin, respiratory syncytial virus antibody, erythropoietin (all claimed), a food or food supplement, nutrient, drug, vaccine, and/or vitamin.

ADVANTAGE - The device provides increased blood levels of active agent in a comfortable and reproducible manner. Initially, when the flow rate is low and the aerosol concentration is high, the number of particles in the aerosol is at its peak and the particles will be preferentially delivered to the deep lung rather than being impacted in the throat, and the bioavailability of the active agent will be increased.

 $\label{eq:decomposition} \mbox{DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows a device for delivering} \ \mbox{a dry powder active agent.}$ 

Flow resistance modulator (100)

pp; 29 DwgNo 1/9

Derwent Class: B07; P34

International Patent Class (Main): A61L-009/04; A61M-000/00; A61M-015/00 International Patent Class (Additional): A61K-009/12; A61M-011/00

ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan

Serial 09/731318 February 10, 2004

#### 8/26,TI/1 (Item 1 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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014350344

WPI Acc No: 2002-171047/200222

Formation of opening in receptacle for extraction of powdered medicaments, comprises piercing cover of receptacle with blade(s) of cutting mechanism, and moving blade through the cover

### 8/26,TI/2 (Item 2 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

014228799

WPI Acc No: 2002-049497/200206

Formation of receptacle openings, involves piercing cover with blade, and moving blade through the cover

### 8/26,TI/3 (Item 3 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

013565706

WPI Acc No: 2001-049913/200106

Pharmaceutical formulation aerosolizing apparatus useful for pulmonary delivery of drugs includes a mechanism, which receives the high pressure gas stream, and extracts the formulation

### 8/26,TI/5 (Item 5 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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011970854

WPI Acc No: 1998-387764/199833

Preparation of dry powder composition for pulmonary drug delivery - having relatively uniform characteristics and minimal residual organic solvents

### 8/7/4 (Item 4 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

012925440 \*\*Image available\*\*

WPI Acc No: 2000-097276/200008

# Dry powder dispersing apparatus for aerosolizing a powdered medicament for inhalation by a patient

Patent Assignee: INHALE THERAPEUTIC SYSTEMS (INHA-N); INHALE THERAPEUTIC SYSTEMS INC (INHA-N); AXFORD G S (AXFO-I); BURR J D (BURR-I); HALL R K (HALL-I); RAY C (RAYC-I); SCHULER C (SCHU-I); SMITH A E (SMIT-I); SNYDER H (SNYD-I)

Inventor: AXFORD G S; BURR J D; HALL R K; RAY C; SCHULER C; SMITH A E; SNYDER H

Number of Countries: 087 Number of Patents: 018

Patent Family:

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Pat	ent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week	
WO	9962495	A2	19991209	WO 99US11180	Α	19990519	200008	В
ΑU	9940905	Α	19991220	AU 9940905	Α	19990519	200021	
NO	200006167	Α	20010205	WO 99US11180	Α	19990519	200115	
				NO 20006167	Α	20001204		
EΡ	1082155	A2	20010314	EP 99924396	Α	19990519	200116	

		T-C	99US11180	Α	19990519	
CZ 200004499	A3 2001		99US11180	A	19990519	200138
C2 200004455	A3 2001		20004499	A	19990519	200130
US 6257233	B1 2001		9887929	P	19980604	200141
00 020,200			99312434	Ā	19990514	
BR 9910931	A 2001	11016 BR	9910931	Α	19990519	200170
		WO	99US11180	Α	19990519	
CN 1312729	A 2001	L0912 CN	99809307	A	19990519	200202
KR 2001071400			2000713733	Α	20001204	200208
US 20020017297	A1 200		IS 9887929	P	19980604	200214
			99312434	Α	19990514	
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ни 200103610	A2 2002		99US11180	A	19990519	200223
	- 0000		20013610	Α	19990519	00000
ZA 200006920			20006920	A	20001124	200237
SK 200001816	A3 2002		99US11180	A	19990519	200253
NZ 508536	A 2003		20001816 508536	A	19990519	200225
NZ 300336	A 2003		99US11180	A A	19990519 19990519	200325
US 6546929	B2 2003		9887929	P	19980604	200329
05 0540929	B2 2003		99312434	A	19990514	200329
			2001873946	A	20010604	
JP 2003527136	W 2003		99US11180	A	19990519	200362
01 2000027100	2000		2000551751	A	19990519	200302
MX 2000011904	A1 2002		99US11180	A	19990519	200363
		MX	200011904	Α	20001130	200000
US 20030209243	A1 200	)31113 U	IS 9887929	P		200382
			99312434	Α	19990514	
		US	2001873946	Α	20010604	
		US	2002327633	Α	20021219	
						14; US 9887929 P
19980604; US		946 A 200	10604; US 20	02327	633 A 2002	1219
Patent Details:						
Patent No Kind				Note	5	
		A61K-009				
						G BR BY CA CH CN
						P KE KG KP KR KZ
				ONZ	PL PT RO RU	J SD SE SG SI SK
SL TJ TM TR				י פרע ע		I FR GB GH GM GR
			T SD SE SL S			I FR GB GH GM GR
	A TO MC MA	A61K-009			zw tent WO 990	62405
NO 200006167		A61M-000		on pa	cenc wo 330	02493
		A61M-015		on na	tent WO 990	62405
						I FR GB GR IE IT
LI LT LU LV				01	DE DR ED I.	I IN OB ON IB II
	43	A61M-015		on pa	tent WO 99	62495
	B1	A61M-015				on US 9887929
	A.	A61K-009			tent WO 99	
	Ą	A61M-015		£		
KR 2001071400 A		A61M-011				
US 20020017297		B05D-00		siona.	l applicat:	ion US 9887929
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			C			7000
HU 200103610 A		A61K-009			ent US 6257 tent WO 990	

ZA	200006920	Α	80	A61K-000/00	
SK	200001816	A3		A61M-015/00	Based on patent WO 9962495
NZ	508536	Α		A61K-009/00	Based on patent WO 9962495
US	6546929	B2		A61M-015/00	Provisional application US 9887929
					Cont of application US 99312434
					Cont of patent US 6257233
JP	2003527136	W	77	A61M-015/00	Based on patent WO 9962495
MX	2000011904	A1		A61K-009/00	Based on patent WO 9962495
US	20030209243	3 A1		A61M-015/00	Provisional application US 9887929
					Cont of application US 99312434
					Cont of application US 2001873946
					Cont of patent US 6257233
					Cont of patent US 6546929
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Abstract (Basic): WO 9962495 A2

NOVELTY - Apparatus for aerosolizing a **powdered** medicament comprises a pressurization cylinder, a piston slidable within the cylinder, movable handle coupled to the cylinder, aerosolizing mechanism, carriage assembly to receive **receptacle** and couple it to the mechanism and first and second interlocks for carriage's movement upon handle's movement to extended position.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for (A) a method for aerosolizing a powdered medicament which is held within a receptacle comprising (i) inserting the receptacle into a carriage assembly until a first interlock is released from the carriage assembly; (ii) extending a handle to a fully extended position to release a second interlock from the carriage assembly; (iii) retracting the handle to a position to produce a charge of pressurized gas and (iv) operating a fire button to move the carriage assembly toward an aerosolizing mechanism until the receptacle is coupled with the mechanism and until the charge of pressurized gas is released; (B) a system for aerosolizing a powdered medicament; and (C) a method for supplying a powdered medicament to a patient comprising (i) dispersing a powdered medicament within a capture chamber; (ii) inhaling from the capture chamber to extract the powdered medicament and (iii) allowing air to enter the capture chamber such that the powdered medicament is extracted from the chamber in a bolus followed by the entering air.

USE - The apparatus is used for aerosolizing a **powdered** medicament. ADVANTAGE - The configuration of the apparatus makes it not operative if the receptacle is not fully inserted and the handle is not fully extended. Controls are provided to ensure correct operation of the apparatus.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows an exploded front perspective view of an apparatus for aerosolizing a  ${f powdered}$  medicament.

Capture chamber (14)
Aerosolization mechanism (16)
Housing (20)
Receptacle (22)
Seal (26)
Latches (32)
Release button (34)
Carriage assembly (38)
Handle (40)
Fire button (42)
pp; 69 DwgNo 1/14

ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan Serial 09/731318 February 10, 2004

Derwent Class: B07; P34; P42; Q34
International Patent Class (Main): A61K-000/00; A61K-009/00; A61M-000/00;
 A61M-011/02; A61M-015/00; B05D-007/14
International Patent Class (Additional): A61M-016/00; B05B-011/06;
 B65D-083/06

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File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-2004/Feb W01
File 349:PCT FULLTEXT 1979-2002/UB=20040205,UT=20040129
        Items
                Description
Set
                AU='PABOOJIAN STEVE'
           12
S1
                AU='SCHULER CARLOS':AU='SCHULER CARLOS E'
           20
S2
                AU='CLARK ANDREW'
S3
           24
           10
                S1 AND S2 AND S3
S4
                PN=WO-2001
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S5
                PN='WO 200143529'
S 6
            1
            2
                PN='WO 200021594'
s7
            2
                PN='WO 9962495'
S8
                PN='EP 1237608'
S9
            1
                PN='EP 1119384'
S10
            1
                PN='EP 1082155'
S11
            1
           6
                S4 NOT S6:S11
S12
S13
           24
                S1:S3 NOT S4
S14
           22
                S13 NOT S6:S11
                (RECEPTACLE? OR CONTAINER? ?) (S) (POWDER?? OR TALC)
S15
        17631
S16
            8
                S14 AND S15
 12/6/1
            (Item 1 from file: 348)
01315505
SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR EXTRACTING POWDERS FROM RECEPTACLES
 12/6/2
            (Item 2 from file: 348)
01315425
SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR TREATING PACKAGED POWDERS
            (Item 3 from file: 348)
 12/6/3
01249815
SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR AEROSOLIZING PHARMACEUTICAL FORMULATIONS
            (Item 1 from file: 349)
 12/6/4
            **Image available**
00811857
SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR EXTRACTING POWDERS FROM RECEPTACLES
 12/6/5
            (Item 2 from file: 349)
00810570
            **Image available**
SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR TREATING PACKAGED POWDERS
 12/6/6
            (Item 3 from file: 349)
00766993
            **Image available**
SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR AEROSOLIZING PHARMACEUTICAL FORMULATIONS
 16/6/1
            (Item 1 from file: 348)
01381640
SYSTEMS, DEVICES AND METHODS FOR OPENING RECEPTACLES HAVING A POWDER TO
    BE FLUIDIZED
 16/6/2
             (Item 1 from file: 349)
01027845
            **Image available**
APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR SEALING CAVITIES
            (Item 2 from file: 349)
 16/6/3
00860679
            **Image available**
LOCKOUT MECHANISM FOR AEROSOL DRUG DELIVERY DEVICES
```

Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 5588

Serial 09/731318 February 10, 2004

16/6/4 (Item 3 from file: 349) 00854125 \*\*Image available\*\* SYSTEMS, DEVICES AND METHODS FOR OPENING RECEPTACLES HAVING A POWDER TO BE FLUIDIZED 16/6/6 (Item 5 from file: 349) 00551889 DRY POWDER ACTIVE AGENT PULMONARY DELIVERY (Item 6 from file: 349) 16/6/7 00515844 AEROSOLIZED ACTIVE AGENT DELIVERY 16/6/8 (Item 7 from file: 349) 00438632 AEROSOLIZED HYDROPHOBIC DRUG 16/3,AB/5 (Item 4 from file: 349) DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT (c) 2004 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv. 00759810 APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR DISPENSING METERED AMOUNT OF AEROSOLIZED **MEDICATION** APPAREIL ET PROCEDE DE DISTRIBUTION D'UNE DOSE DE MEDICAMENT EN AEROSOL Patent Applicant/Assignee: INHALE THERAPEUTIC SYSTEMS INC, 150 Industrial Road, San Carlos, CA 94070 , US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US) Patent Applicant/Inventor: SCHULER Carlos , 10344 Denison Avenue, Cupertino, CA 94403, US, US (Residence), VE (Nationality), (Designated only for: US) PABOOJIAN Steve , 2133 Avy Avenue, Menlo Park, CA 94025, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US) BAKSHI Aneesh K, 1080 Ralston Avenue #6, Belmont, CA 94002, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US) TUTTLE Derrick, 400 E. Poplar Avenue #3, San Mateo, CA 94401, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US Legal Representative: GIBBY Darin J, Townsend and Townsend and Crew LLP, Two Embarcadero Center, 8th floor, San Francisco, CA 94111-3834, US Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date): WO 200072904 A1 20001207 (WO 0072904) Patent: WO 2000US14227 20000524 (PCT/WO US0014227) . Application: Priority Application: US 99136518 19990528; US 2000556262 20000424 Designated States: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW (EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE (OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG (AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW (EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM Publication Language: English

ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan Serial 09/731318

February 10, 2004

### English Abstract

The invention provides exemplary methods and apparatus for aerosolizing a pharmaceutical formulation contained within a receptacle. In one method, a metered amount of a pressurized gas is provided, with the pressurized gas previously being in equilibrium with a liquid. The metered gas is released to create a high pressure gas stream. The high pressure gas stream is flowed through an aerosolization mechanism to extract the pharmaceutical formulation from the receptacle and to disperse the pharmaceutical formulation within the gas stream to form an aerosol.

```
File 155:MEDLINE(R) 1966-2004/Feb W1
File 5:Biosis Previews(R) 1969-2004/Feb W1
File 73:EMBASE 1974-2004/Feb W1
File 34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2004/Feb W1
File 434:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1974-1989/Dec
File 42: Pharmaceuticl News Idx 1974-2004/Feb W1
File 441:ESPICOM Pharm&Med DEVICE NEWS 2004/Feb W2
       Items
               Description
           3
               AU='PABOOJIAN SD':AU='PABOOJIAN STEVE'
S1
          74
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S2
S3
        1392
               AU='CLARK A'
               AU='CLARK A.'
S4
         302
               AU= 'CLARK ANDREW'
S5
          35
               AU='SCHULER C.' OR AU='SCHULER CARLOS'
S6
          17
s7
           1
               S1 AND (S2 OR S6) AND S3:S5
               S1:S6 NOT S7
S8
        1820
       40892
               RECEPTACLE? OR CONTAINER? ?
S9
      189238 POWDER?? OR TALC
S10
S11
               S8 AND S9 AND S10
           3
           2
               RD (unique items)
S12
         146
S13
               AU=SCHULER C?
               AU=SCHULER C. ?
S14
           0
S15
       10512
               AU=CLARK A?
               S9 AND S10 AND S13:S15
S16
12/6/1
            (Item 1 from file: 5)
0014698269
           BIOSIS NO.: 200400069026
Systems devices and methods for opening receptacles having a powder to
 be fluidized
2003
12/6/2
            (Item 2 from file: 5)
0014268370 BIOSIS NO.: 200300227089
Dry powder dispersing apparatus and methods for their use
2003
16/6/1
            (Item 1 from file: 5)
           BIOSIS NO.: 200400069026
0014698269
Systems devices and methods for opening receptacles having a powder to
 be fluidized
2003
16/6/2
            (Item 2 from file: 5)
0014268370
           BIOSIS NO.: 200300227089
Dry powder dispersing apparatus and methods for their use
2003
16/6/3
            (Item 3 from file: 5)
            BIOSIS NO.: 200100386757
0013214918
Dry powder dispersing apparatus and methods for their use
2001
```

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File 155:MEDLINE(R) 1966-2004/Feb W1
File 5:Biosis Previews (R) 1969-2004/Feb W1
File
     73:EMBASE 1974-2004/Feb W1
File 34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2004/Feb W1
File 434:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1974-1989/Dec
File 144: Pascal 1973-2004/Feb W1
File 19:Chem.Industry Notes 1974-2004/ISS 200405
File 42: Pharmaceuticl News Idx 1974-2004/Feb W1
File 285:BioBusiness(R) 1985-1998/Aug W1
File 583:Gale Group Globalbase(TM) 1986-2002/Dec 13
File 286:Biocommerce Abs.& Dir. 1981-2004/Jan B1
File 94:JICST-EPlus 1985-2004/Feb W1
File 74:Int.Pharm.Abs 1970-2004/Jan B2
File 99:Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2004/Jan
File 65:Inside Conferences 1993-2004/Feb W2
                Description
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S1
       378069
                POWDER??
S2
      6933998
                MEDICAMENT? OR MEDICATION? OR MEDICINE
                DRUG OR DRUGS
s3
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S4
      .827883
                PHARMACEUTICAL? ?
S5
          866
                (BLISTER OR BUBBLE) () (PACK? ? OR PACKET? ? OR PAK? ? OR SH-
             EET? ?)
S6
      195842
                RECEPTACLE? ? OR CONTAINER? ? OR HOLDER? ?
S7
      1846565
                BOTTOM? ? OR UNDERSIDE? ? OR UNDER()SIDE? ? OR BASE OR BAS-
             ES
S8
      1286870
                CONVEX OR CONCAVE OR RAISED OR INDENTED OR ELEVATED
S9
      187514
                BOWED OR ARCUATE? ? OR ARCUAL OR ARCIFORM OR ARC OR ARCLIKE
              OR ARCHED OR BOWLIKE
S10
        84254
                INVERTED OR EVERTED
S11
          515
                S1(5N)S2
         6260
S12
                S1(5N)S3
S13
         4394
                S1(5N)S4
S14
           10
                S11:S13 AND S5
S15
            0
                S14 AND S8:S10
S16
           1
               S14 AND S7
S17
            9
               S14 NOT S16
S18
           7
               RD (unique items)
S19
           5
               S18/2000:2004
           2
S20
                S18 NOT S19
S21
         132
                (S11:S13 AND S6) NOT S14
S22
       31803
                S7(S)S8:S10
S23
           Ω
                S21 AND S22
S24
           7
                S21 AND S7:S10
S25
           7
                RD (unique items)
S26
           4
                $25/2000:2004
S27
                S25 NOT S26
20/7,K/1
            (Item 1 from file: 5)
DIALOG(R) File
                5:Biosis Previews(R)
(c) 2004 BIOSIS. All rts. reserv.
0012201120
            BIOSIS NO.: 199900460780
Prevention of exercise-induced bronchospasm in pediatric asthma patients: A
  comparison of two salmeterol powder delivery devices
AUTHOR: Bronsky Edwin A (Reprint); Pearlman David S; Pobiner Bonnie F;
  Scott Catherine; Wang Yonghua; Stahl Edmundo
```

AUTHOR ADDRESS: Intermountain Clinical Research, 150 S, 1000 E, Salt Lake

City, UT, 84102, USA\*\*USA

JOURNAL: Pediatrics 104 (3 PART 1): p501-506 Sept., 1999 1999

MEDIUM: print ISSN: 0031-4005

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article RECORD TYPE: Abstract LANGUAGE: English

ABSTRACT: Background: A powder formulation of salmeterol has been shown to prevent exercise-induced bronchospasm (EIB) in asthmatic children and adults; however, the delivery device (Diskhaler; Glaxo Wellcome Inc, Research Triangle Park, NC) must be reloaded after 4 doses. A new multidose powder inhaler (Diskus) provides 60 doses of salmeterol in a pack presentation with a dose counter. Objective: To evaluate the safety and efficacy of 50-mug salmeterol powder via two different delivery systems (Diskhaler and Diskus) in preventing EIB in asthmatic children. Study Design: A randomized, double-blind, double-dummy, single-dose, placebo-controlled, three-way crossover study was conducted in 24 children 4 to 11 years of age demonstrating EIB and mild to moderate asthma. Serial forced expiratory volume in 1 second (FEV1) was measured before and after treadmill exercise challenges conducted at 1, 6, and 12 hours after study drug administration. Adverse events were also assessed. Results: During all exercise challenges, EIB-mediated reductions in FEV1 were minimized or prevented in patients receiving single doses of salmeterol powder compared with placebo. Single doses of salmeterol powder delivered via either system were equally effective in preventing EIB. There were no drug-related adverse events, cardiovascular, or other clinically relevant safety concerns. Conclusions: Single doses of salmeterol powder delivered by either delivery system are safe and effective in preventing EIB for gtoreq12 hours in asthmatic children.

DESCRIPTORS:

CHEMICALS & BIOCHEMICALS: ...antiasthmatic-drug, beta-adrenergic antagonist- drug, dosage, efficacy, safety, powder formulation ...METHODS & EQUIPMENT: drug delivery device, medical equipment, multidose powder inhaler

### 20/7,K/2 (Item 1 from file: 73)

DIALOG(R) File 73: EMBASE

(c) 2004 Elsevier Science B.V. All rts. reserv.

07663613 EMBASE No: 1999127705

Paracetamol-propyphenazone interaction and formulation difficulties associated with eutectic formation in combination solid dosage forms

Zalac S.; Khan M.Z.I.; Gabelica V.; Tudja M.; Mestrovic E.; Romih M.
M.Z.I. Khan, Research Institute, PLIVA d.d., Prilaz baruna Filipovica 25,
10000 Zagreb Croatia

Chemical and Pharmaceutical Bulletin (CHEM. PHARM. BULL.) (Japan) 1999, 47/3 (302-307)

CODEN: CPBTA ISSN: 0009-2363 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH SUMMARY LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

NUMBER OF REFERENCES: 14

Polymorphic behaviours of paracetamol and propyphenazone and interaction between these two compounds were investigated using differential scanning calorimetry (DSC), X-ray powder diffraction and Fourier transform-infrared (FT-IR)-spectroscopy. Binary mixtures containing various ratios of the compounds were prepared as physical and fused mixtures and analysed by DSC

to study their thermal behaviours. Phase diagrams obtained from the melting endotherms of the binary mixtures demonstrated formation of an eutectic mixture at a paracetamol-propyphenazone combination of about 35: 65 (w/w) with an eutectic temperature of 56 degreeC. The FT-IR spectroscopy revealed no chemical interaction due to eutectic formation, and a lower degree of crystallinity of the eutectic mixture than individual substances was observed by X-ray powder diffraction analysis. The DSC and X-ray powder diffraction data demonstrated a polymorphic change in propyphenazone as a result of melting of the compound. Tablets, containing both paracetamol and propyphenazone in a combination formulation and prepared using standard wet granulation technology, were found to have physical instability when packed in either polyvinylchloride//aluminium or

polyvinylchloride/polyvinyldienechloride//aluminium blisters and stored for one month at 40 degreeC with either 75% relative humidity or without any humidity control. The instability of the tablets was more apparent under the high humidity condition.

MEDICAL DESCRIPTORS:

tablet; differential scanning calorimetry; X ray **powder** diffraction; infrared spectroscopy; temperature; **drug** granulation; drug stability; drug packaging; **blister pack**; article

**27/6/1** (Item 1 from file: 5) 0011720883 BIOSIS NO.: 199800515130

Minitabletting: Improving the compactability of paracetamol powder mixtures 1998

27/7,K/2 (Item 1 from file: 144)

DIALOG(R) File 144: Pascal

(c) 2004 INIST/CNRS. All rts. reserv.

12687120 PASCAL No.: 96-0388215

The adhesion force of micronized Salmeterol Xinofoate particles to pharmaceutically relevant surface materials

PODCZECK F; NEWTON J M; JAMES M B

Department of Pharmaceutics, The School of Pharmacy, University of London, 29/39 Brunswick Square, London WClN 1AX, United Kingdom

Lournal: Journal of Physics, D. Applied Physics, 1896, 28 (7) 1878

Journal: Journal of physics. D. Applied physics, 1996, 29 (7) 1878-1884 ISSN: 0022-3727 CODEN: JPAPBE Availability: INIST-5841; 354000044280260210

No. of Refs.: 45 ref.

Document Type: P (Serial) ; A (Analytic) Country of Publication: United Kingdom

Language: English

The adhesion of micronized Salmeterol Xinafoate to various surface materials has been investigated by the centrifuge technique. The adhesion of the drug to these materials used for manufacture and storage of interactive mixtures of the drug and milled lactose monohydrate depends on properties different of the surfaces. Α longer contact polyvinylchloride, polyethylene or aluminium surfaces, or a contact with these surfaces under mechanical pressure should be avoided because the adhesion force between the drug and these surfaces is much higher than between the drug and excipient particles. Hence detachment and a consequent loss of drug in the formulation could occur. Such a problem does not appear for the contact with polyhydroxymethylene Characteristics of the surface materials such as the surface free energy concept), surface roughness and Young's modulus were base determined and related to the experimental results. The work of adhesion

appeared to have a very important influence on the adhesion forces measured. About 20% of the work of adhesion was due to acid-base interactions. The larger the work of adhesion, the stronger was the adhesion between the particles and the surfaces in contact. Surface roughness reduced the adhesion force, and stiffer materials (having a high Young's modulus) were found to have a lower adhesion force to the drug particles.

English Descriptors: Micronization; Adhesion; Particle; Powder; Contact surface; Container content interaction; Storage container; Powder production; Packaging; Pharmaceutical technology; Plastics; Vinyl chloride copolymer; Polyethylene; Lactose; Aluminium; Physicochemical properties; Roughness; Hardness

### (Item 1 from file: 94) 27/7,K/3 DIALOG(R) File 94: JICST-EPlus (c)2004 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST). All rts. reserv. 00583114 JICST ACCESSION NUMBER: 88A0199349 FILE SEGMENT: JICST-E Packaging machine for powder and revision of packaging conditions. YUNOKI MINORU (1) (1) Tokyo Tanabe Co., Ltd. Hoso Gijutsu(JPI Journal), 1988, VOL.26, NO.2, PAGE.133-137, FIG.6, TBL.3 JOURNAL NUMBER: G0839AAS ISSN NO: 0385-728X UNIVERSAL DECIMAL CLASSIFICATION: 615.014.8 LANGUAGE: Japanese COUNTRY OF PUBLICATION: Japan DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal ARTICLE TYPE: Commentary MEDIA TYPE: Printed Publication ABSTRACT: Up until now it has been inevitable in the medical field to have many different kinds of poducts in small lots. Our company gives an example of this type of situation. The unbalance in the poduction base between production and sales is based on this reason. In order to discard this system and achieve efficient manufacturing, there is a prossing need for a drive toward "Standardization of Packaging". Standardization Fundamental Policy (Conditions) 1. The quality and safety of the pharmaceuticals must be insured. 2. Serious examination of consumption (User's needs), market research 3. Legality, Cost Reduction (Objectives) 1. Compact 2. Lightweight 3. Efficient. (author ...DESCRIPTORS: powder ( pharmaceuticals ); ... BROADER DESCRIPTORS: container; ... ...plastic container; ... ...paper container

```
9:Business & Industry(R) Jul/1994-2004/Feb 09
File 16:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1990-2004/Feb 10
File 160: Gale Group PROMT (R) 1972-1989
File 148: Gale Group Trade & Industry DB 1976-2004/Feb 10
File 621: Gale Group New Prod. Annou. (R) 1985-2004/Feb 10
File 129:PHIND(Archival) 1980-2004/Feb W1
File 149:TGG Health&Wellness DB(SM) 1976-2004/Feb W1
File 135:NewsRx Weekly Reports 1995-2004/Feb W1
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S2
      1630448
                DRUG OR DRUGS
S3
S4
      1511160
                PHARMACEUTICAL? ?
S5
         7917
                (BLISTER OR BUBBLE) () (PACK? ? OR PACKET? ? OR PAK? ? OR SH-
             EET? ?)
      795279
                RECEPTACLE? ? OR CONTAINER? ? OR HOLDER? ?
S6
                BOTTOM? ? OR UNDERSIDE? ? OR UNDER()SIDE? ? OR BASE OR BAS-
      2247919
s7
             ES
       709265
                CONVEX OR CONCAVE OR RAISED OR INDENTED OR ELEVATED
S8
                BOWED OR ARCUATE? ? OR ARCUAL OR ARCIFORM OR ARC OR ARCLIKE
        90974
S9
              OR ARCHED OR BOWLIKE
        15761
               INVERTED OR EVERTED
S10
S11
        3086
                S1(5N)S2:S4
S12
        17905
                S7(S)S8:S10
S13
            0
                S5(S)S11(S)S12
            0
                S5 AND S11 AND S12
S14
            0
                S6(S)S11(S)S12
S15
                S5(S)S11
S16
           16
      2924219
                S7:S10
S17
S18
            2
                S16(S)S17
S19
            2
                RD (unique items)
           14
                S16 NOT S18
S20
           10
                RD (unique items)
S21
            2
                $21/2000:2004
S22
            8
                S21 NOT S22
S23
            8
                Sort S23/ALL/PD,A
S24
S25
            1
                S11(S)S12
            0
                S6 AND S25
S26
S27
           78
                S6(S)S11 NOT S16
S28
           5
                S17(S)S27
            5
                RD (unique items)
S29
 19/3,AB,K/2
                 (Item 1 from file: 148)
DIALOG(R) File 148: Gale Group Trade & Industry DB
(c) 2004 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.
             SUPPLIER NUMBER: 21210180
                                          (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)
10527958
Blister-packs deliver a deep breath of relief. (Inhale Therapeutic Systems)
Nix-Ennen, Steven
Packaging Digest, v35, n10, p64(2)
Sept, 1998
ISSN: 0030-9117
                     LANGUAGE: English
                                            RECORD TYPE: Fulltext; Abstract
WORD COUNT:
              1633
                      LINE COUNT: 00131
ABSTRACT: Inhale Therapeutic Systems has pioneered the development of new
non-invasive pulmonary drug delivery systems. These products allow patients
to do away with injections as medications are administered through
inhalations. Crucial to this new technology are foil-to-foil blister packs
```

containing peptides, proteins and other drug molecules. The blister packs protect drug doses that are inserted in small, flashlight-devices. Medication is released into the devices' holding chambers when the blister packs are punctured. Patients then inhale the drugs through a mouthpiece placed at the top of the chamber.

... be replaced after several uses, to ensure cleanliness.

In the working of the mechanism, the **blister pack** is punctured by the transjector and released in what Smith calls a "bulk flow process... ... and a central PS-based punch that is essentially a vacuum hose to evacuate the **powdered drug**. The **pharmaceuticals** are transported through the transjector and disassembled into the constituent small particles. This develops an...

...makes tens of thousands of transjectors, but the process of placing the mechanism in the **base** is still completed by hand in San Carlos.

The pump assembly that powers the aerosol...

### 24/3,AB,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 160)

DIALOG(R) File 160: Gale Group PROMT(R) (c) 1999 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

Packaging news: Anderson Packaging to build new plant

Household & Personal Products Industry July, 1988 p. 148

ISSN: 0090-8878

Anderson Packaging (Rockford, IL), a contract packager, will build a 92,000 sq ft plant in Rockford, IL, which will feature 7 separate packaging rooms housing proprietary equipment in environmentally controlled conditions. Anderson opened a 72,000 ft2 plant in Greensboro, NC, in 1/88. The firm fills **blister packs**, pouches, and thermoforms with tablets, capsules, liquids, **powders** and ointments, mainly for the **pharmaceutical** and personal care product industries. Anderson currently operates 3 other packaging plants in Rockford, IL.

### 24/3,AB,K/3 (Item 3 from file: 16)

DIALOG(R) File 16: Gale Group PROMT(R)
(c) 2004 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.
03881853 Supplier Number: 45581440

# New Technology Overcomes the Lung's Barrier by Addressing the Rate-Limiting Step

Genesis Report-Rx, v4, n4, pN/A

June 1, 1995

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Newsletter; Trade

Word Count: 735

... make superfine powders in the 1-to-5-micron range, considered "nuisance dusts" by some **pharmaceutical** manufacturers. These **powders** are extremely moisture sensitive and require packaging in individual dose, foil-lined **blister packs**.

A patient inserts the **blister pack** of powder into a specially designed aerosol gun and cocks and fires the device, dispersing... ...lung. The Inhale Therapeutics device relies on the physical power of the gun popping the **blister pack** to release the **powdered drug**. The device does not use chloroflurocarbons (CFCs), which have been banned as propellants in the...

# 24/3,AB,K/5 (Item 5 from file: 9) DIALOG(R)File 9:Business & Industry(R)

(c) 2004 Resp. DB Svcs. All rts. reserv.
2201834 Supplier Number: 02201834
Product launches...Flovent Rotadisk

(Glaxo Wellcome launches Flovent Rotadisk, inhaled corticosteroid indicated as preventive therapy for treating asthma in young children)

Med Ad News, v 17, n 7, p 88

July 1998

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal ISSN: 0745-0907 (United States)

LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext

WORD COUNT: 110

TEXT:

...Wellcome Inc. of Research Triangle Park, N.C., is a foil-covered disk containing four **blister packs** of **powdered medication**. Once loaded into the specially designed Diskhaler device, the blister can be pierced and a...

### 24/3,AB,K/6 (Item 6 from file: 16)

DIALOG(R) File 16: Gale Group PROMT(R)

(c) 2004 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

06095715 Supplier Number: 53647033

# Inhale Therapeutic Systems Announces Fourth Quarter and Year Ended 1998 Financial Results.

Business Wire, p0359

Jan 26, 1999

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Newswire; Trade

Word Count: 1353

... handling technologies. Included under the patent is the process of transferring fine powder particles into **blister packs** in an un-compacted state so that they can be easily dispersed in Inhale's... ... covered in this patent enables very precise filling of unit dose amounts of a dry **powder pharmaceutical drug**. Today, Inhale's filling capability can accommodate a variety of fill sizes and sufficient dosages...

### 25/6/1 (Item 1 from file: 9)

1399029 Supplier Number: 01399029 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

Technology: Needle work - Richard Gourlay on two disposable injectors that push drugs through the skin

February 02, 1996 WORD COUNT: 994

### 29/8/2 (Item 1 from file: 148)

DIALOG(R) File 148: (c) 2004 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

05212186 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 10615302 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)

Mixing and blending.

Jan, 1991

WORD COUNT: 1875 LINE COUNT: 00149
SPECIAL FEATURES: illustration; photograph

INDUSTRY CODES/NAMES: CHEM Chemicals, Plastics and Rubber; ENG

Engineering and Manufacturing; INTL Business, International DESCRIPTORS: Chemical industry--Equipment and supplies; Cosmetics

industry--Equipment and supplies; Pharmaceutical industry--Equipment and supplies

SIC CODES: 2800 CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS; 2844 Toilet preparations; 2834 Pharmaceutical preparations

29/3,AB,K/3 (Item 2 from file: 148)

DIALOG(R) File 148: Gale Group Trade & Industry DB

(c)2004 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

04102616 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 07934219 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)

Italian machinery. (Packintec '89 product preview) (New Products

Marketplace special issue) (buyers guide)

Packaging (Boston, Mass.), v34, n12, p6(4)

Fall, 1989

DOCUMENT TYPE: buyers guide ISSN: 0746-3820 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

WORD COUNT: 1977 LINE COUNT: 00159

... packages, Circle 200 on the Reader Service Card. Bottle-filling line handles plastic or glass **containers**. The Coriani RCCA 16/8-300 system for liquid products emphasizes advanced automation of all...

...demands of a high-quality package combined with a moderate investment in equipment. Brick-shaped **containers** of flexible and air-tight material are convenient and highly space-saving. The system adjusts...

...capsule fillers with output to 5,000/hour; and a line of microdosing machines for **pharmaceutical powders**. Nuova Zanasi S.p.A. Circle 210 Italian packaging-machinery industry data is available. From...also features bottle lifts which are driven upward instead of being pushed up from the **bottom**. These are located inside the filling carousel in a suitable place so that splashes or...

```
File 187: F-D-C Reports 1987-2004/Feb W1
File 429:Adis Newsletters (Archive) 1982-2004/Feb 10
File 441:ESPICOM Pharm&Med DEVICE NEWS 2004/Feb W2
File 446:IMS New Product Focus 1982-2004/Jan
File 455:Drug News & Perspectives 1992-2004/Jan
File 481: DELPHES Eur Bus 95-2004/Jan W1
File 635: Business Dateline(R) 1985-2004/Feb 07
File 636: Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM) 1987-2004/Feb 10
File 229:Drug Info. Fulltext 2002
File 98:General Sci Abs/Full-Text 1984-2004/Jan
               Description
Set
       Items
S1
       65146
               POWDER??
      184448
S2
               MEDICAMENT? OR MEDICATION? OR MEDICINE
s3
      454455
               DRUG OR DRUGS
S4
      315351 PHARMACEUTICAL? ?
S5
        2713
              (BLISTER OR BUBBLE) () (PACK? ? OR PACKET? ? OR PAK? ? OR SH-
            EET? ?)
S6
      132887
               RECEPTACLE? ? OR CONTAINER? ? OR HOLDER? ?
s7
      571073
               BOTTOM? ? OR UNDERSIDE? ? OR UNDER()SIDE? ? OR BASE OR BAS-
S8
       242340
               CONVEX OR CONCAVE OR RAISED OR INDENTED OR ELEVATED
S9
       17997
               BOWED OR ARCUATE? ? OR ARCUAL OR ARCIFORM OR ARC OR ARCLIKE
             OR ARCHED OR BOWLIKE
S10
        4013 INVERTED OR EVERTED
S11
        1202
               S1(5N)S2:S4
S12
           3
               S11(S)S5
          97
               S11(S)S6 NOT S12
S13
         5283
S14
               S7(S)S8:S10
S15
           0
               S12 AND S14
S16
           3
               S13 AND S14
S17
           3
               RD (unique items) [not relevant]
           6
S18
               S11 AND S5
S19
           3
               S18 NOT (S12 OR S17)
S20
          14
               S13(S)S7:S10
               S20 NOT (S12 OR S17 OR S18)
          12
S21
S22
          12
               RD (unique items)
S23
               S22/2000:2004
           1
S24
          11
               S22 NOT S23
S25
          11
               Sort S24/ALL/PD,A
12/3,AB,K/3
                (Item 3 from file: 636)
DIALOG(R) File 636: Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM)
(c) 2004 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.
           Supplier Number: 45581440
New Technology Overcomes the Lung's Barrier by Addressing the Rate-Limiting
  Step
Genesis Report-Rx, v4, n4, pN/A
June 1, 1995
Language: English
                     Record Type: Fulltext
Document Type: Newsletter; Trade
            735
Word Count:
       make superfine powders in the 1-to-5-micron range, considered
"nuisance dusts" by some pharmaceutical manufacturers. These powders
are extremely moisture sensitive and require packaging in individual dose,
foil-lined blister packs .
     A patient inserts the blister pack of powder into a specially
```

designed aerosol gun and cocks and fires the device, dispersing...
...lung. The Inhale Therapeutics device relies on the physical power of the gun popping the **blister pack** to release the **powdered drug**. The device does not use chloroflurocarbons (CFCs), which have been banned as propellants in the...

### 19/8/3 (Item 1 from file: 636)

DIALOG(R)File 636:(c) 2004 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv. 05545682 Supplier Number: 100976671 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

GT&F Dietary Supplement - Milk Powder; Capsule MANUFACTURER: Ren Jih Biotechnology & Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. CATEGORY: 363 - Vitamins & Supplements.

April 28, 2003

Word Count: 99

PUBLISHER NAME: Marketing Intelligence Service Ltd.

INDUSTRY NAMES: ADV (Advertising, Marketing and Public Relations); BUSN

(Any type of business)

### 19/3,AB,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 441)

DIALOG(R) File 441: ESPICOM Pharm&Med DEVICE NEWS

(c) 2004 ESPICOM Bus. Intell. All rts. reserv.

00015022 00016599 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

Inhale announces first results of Phase IIb inhaled insulin trials

Medical Industry Week

19 June 1998 (19980619)

RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT WORD COUNT: 868

COMPANY: Inhale Therapeutic Systems; Pfizer

TEXT:

...clinical trials."

Using the Inhale system, a patient takes a slow, deep inhalation of fine-powdered medicine rather than receiving an injection. The Inhale device is designed to efficiently disperse the powders...

...wide variety of patient lung capacities.

The fine-powdered insulin is packaged into individual dosage ( **blister** ) **packs** whose particles are specifically formulated to reach the deep lung, where the drug is quickly...

### 25/3,AB,K/2 (Item 2 from file: 187)

DIALOG(R)File 187:F-D-C Reports

(c) 2004 F-D-C Reports Inc. All rts. reserv.

00096772 F-D-C Accession Number 00550510011

The Pink Sheet

December 20, 1993

Volume 55, Issue 51

### McGaw wins appeal of V-A 's \$130 mil. I.V. products contract.

... because the company has refined the manufacturing process for its Excel I.V. non-polyvinyl **container** (PVC) system. Baxter has been barred from government contracts by the V-A ("The Pink...

...V. non-PVC technology.

The Duplex system includes a compartment containing diluent, another compartment with **powdered drug** and an empty portion at the **bottom** of the I.V. bag. Schaefer said the system works "by taking hand pressure" to...

### 25/3,AB,K/5 (Item 5 from file: 229)

DIALOG(R) File 229: Drug Info. Fulltext

(c) 2002 Ameri.Soc.of Health-Systems Pharm. All rts. reserv.

00999693 AHFS NO: 12.12 AHFS CLASS: Sympathomimetic (Adrenergic) Agents SUBFILE: AHFS Drug Information

MONOGRAPH TITLE: Salmeterol Xinafoate

GENERIC NAME: Salmeterol Xinafoate

MOLECULAR FORMULA: C25H37NO4betaC11 H8O3 INVESTIGATIONAL NO: GR 33343 G; SN 408

BRAND NAME/MANUFACTURER: Serevent/GlaxoSmithKline; Serevent Diskus/GlaxoSmithKline; Advair/GlaxoSmithKline

CAS REGISTRY NO: 94749-08-3

[3224] Asthma; [3224] Exercise-induced Subsections: Bronchospasm; Pulmonary [3224] Chronic Obstructive Disease; [3574] Administration; [3524] Dosage; [3506] Asthma; [3506] Exercise-induced Bronchospasm; [3506] Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease; [3564] Dosage in Renal and/or Hepatic Impairment; [3604] Cardiovascular Effects; [3604] Nervous System Effects; [3604] Respiratory Effects; [3604] GI Effects; [3604] Metabolic [3604] Musculoskeletal Electrolyte Effects; [3604] Dermatologic and Sensitivity Reactions; [3604] Other Adverse Effects [3644] Precautions and Contraindications; [3644] Pediatric Precautions; [3644] Geriatric Precautions; [3664] Mutagenicity and Carcinogenicity; [3654] Pregnancy, Fertility, and Lactation; [3774] Monoamine Oxidase Tricyclic Antidepressants; Inhibitors and [3774] Short-Acting beta2-Adrenergic Agonists; [3774] Corticosteroids and Cromolyn Sodium; [3774] Theophyllines; [3774] beta-Adrenergic Blocking Agents; [3774] Other [3614] Pathogenesis; [3614] Manifestations; [3684] Treatment; [3204] Respiratory Effects; [3204] Cardiovascular Effects; [3204] Metabolic [3204] Other Effects; [3814] Absorption; [3824] Distribution; Effects; [3834] Elimination; [3104] Chemistry; [3304] Stability; [3404] Salmeterol Xinafoate; [3404] Salmeterol Xinafoate Combinations

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION (DO):

...use by spraying into the air 4 times before the first use and whenever the container has not been used for prolonged periods (i.e., more than 4 weeks).(1) After the patient exhales slowly and completely, (112,113,125,156) the inhaler should be inverted and the mouthpiece of the inhaler placed well into the mouth with the lips closed...held in a level, horizontal position; the lever pierces the foil blister and releases the powdered drug into an exit port.(188,189) To avoid releasing and wasting additional doses of the...

 $\dots$  strip in the Serevent Diskus device contains 50 mcg of salmeterol as salmeterol xinafoate inhalation **powder**, the precise amount of **drug** delivered to the lungs with each activation of the Diskus device depends on factors such...

```
File 240: PAPERCHEM 1967-2004/Feb W1
File 248:PIRA 1975-2004/Jan W4
File 252: Packaging Sci&Tech 1982-1997/Oct
       Items
               Description
       10881
               POWDER??
S1
S2
        1828
               MEDICAMENT? OR MEDICATION? OR MEDICINE
        5060
               DRUG OR DRUGS
s3
       10525
               PHARMACEUTICAL? ?
S4
S5
        2703
               (BLISTER OR BUBBLE) () (PACK? ? OR PACKET? ? OR PAK? ? OR SH-
            EET? ?)
               RECEPTACLE? ? OR CONTAINER? ? OR HOLDER? ?
       86995
S6
       50728
               BOTTOM? ? OR UNDERSIDE? ? OR UNDER()SIDE? ? OR BASE OR BAS-
S7
            ES
S8
        9056
               CONVEX OR CONCAVE OR RAISED OR INDENTED OR ELEVATED
S 9
        1471
               BOWED OR ARCUATE? ? OR ARCUAL OR ARCIFORM OR ARC OR ARCLIKE
             OR ARCHED OR BOWLIKE
         947 INVERTED OR EVERTED
S10
S11
          72
               S1(5N)S2:S4
               S11 AND S5
S12
           3
           3
               RD (unique items)
S13
               S11 AND S6
S14
          15
S15
          15
               S14 NOT S12
S16
          15
               RD (unique items)
S17
          2
               S16/2000:2004
S18
          13
               S16 NOT S17
S19
           3
               S18 AND S7:S10
S20
          10
               S18 NOT S19
13/7/1
          (Item 1 from file: 248)
DIALOG(R) File 248: PIRA
(c) 2004 Pira International. All rts. reserv.
00521314 Pira Acc. Num.: 20122134
Title: Blister - packs deliver a deep breath of relief
 Authors: Nix-Ennen S
 Source: Packag. Dig. vol. 35, no. 10, Sept. 1998, pp 64, 66
 ISSN: 0030-9117
 Publication Year: 1998
 Document Type: Journal Article
 Language: English
 Pira Subfiles: International Packaging Abstracts (PK)
 Journal Announcement: 9901
 Abstract: Inhale Therapeutic Systems, USA, is developing foil blister
packs and delivery devices for administring a non-invasive pulmonary drug
delivery system which is absorbed through patient inhalation. Foil-to-foil
blister
           packs from Lawson Mardon Wheaton are used to carry and protect
pre-measured doses of the dry powdered peptide and protein drugs . A
small flashlight sized device is used to puncture the packs ready for
inhalation. The construction and formation of the blister packs is
described, together with the proprietary filling method used to process the
pharmaceuticals in dry form.
```

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13/7/2 (Item 2 from file: 248)
DIALOG(R)File 248:PIRA
(c) 2004 Pira International. All rts. reserv.
00388172 Pira Acc. Num.: 20011410
Title: DRY POWDER DEVICES FOR ASTHMA
```

Authors: Shepherd M T

Source: Paper presented at Role of Packaging in Drug Delivery (Packs and Devices) held at Loughborough, UK, 8 Mar. 1994, 8pp [Melton Mowbray, UK: Institute of Packaging, 1994, #85.00 (621.798.4:615.4)(9725)

Publication Year: 1994

Document Type: Conference Publication

Language: English

Pira Subfiles: International Packaging Abstracts (PK)

Journal Announcement: 9409

Abstract: Dry **powder** devices for delivery of asthma **drugs**, including blister, capsule, unit dose and multidose (both bulk powder and premetered) are reviewed. Capsules are biodegradable and delivery devices are reusable. There are problems of moisture variability, and difficulties with piercing. The four main devices in the group (Spinhaler, Rotahaler, Cyclohaler and Inhalator) are described. The only blister packed cartridge is the Diskhaler. The Turbuhaler is the most widely used bulk powder multidose system. Many multidose dry powder inhaler patents exist, but many will be eliminated following testing. Three that look likely to be commercialised are the Bandolier device (using a strip of premetered individual doses), the pressurised device, and the rotary planer. The impacts of the medical device and the packaging and packaging waste directives are discussed.

### 13/7/3 (Item 1 from file: 252)

DIALOG(R)File 252:Packaging Sci&Tech

(c) 1997 by Fraunhofer-ILV, Germany. All rts. reserv. 028939 90-06-j0012

Flex-packs win seal of approval.

(Flexible Packmittel gewinnen Beifall.)

Anon.

Packaging Digest, 1990, 27, (4), 90, 91, 94, 99, 100 ISSN: 0030-9117

Language: En

Procor Technologies' dual-compartment pouch for a powder/liquid animal medication won the President's Award in the Flexible Packaging Association's 1989 competition. The Consumer's Choice Award went to retorted packages for a Plumrose pate and C+D Foods Ltd.'s Viff Chat cat food, manufactured for Carrefour, that represent the 1st commercial use of a PLM Ultrapac system. Other awards went to a new style of blister pack for children's Tylenol from Alusuisse Flexible Packaging, the package for Magic Middles cookies from American National Can, the Bird's Eye Custom Cuisine and Prepco Super Snax packages from Printpack, the Cue-Pon and Sealing Strip bags for supermarket bakeries from Bagcraft Corp., Hunt's Minute Gourmet lined cooking bag, and Union Camp's Rip-N-Zip reclosable multi-wall bag. (10 fig.) (KME)

### 19/7,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 240)

DIALOG(R) File 240: PAPERCHEM

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00261035 PAPERCHEM NO: AB5906654

Collapsible Containers

Walton, D.; Walton Industrial Containers Ltd PATENT NUMBER: GB 2192383 PATENT DATE: 880113

PATENT APP# - DATE OF APPLICATION

GB 8715659 - 870703

GB 8616555 - 860708

SOURCE: Brit. pat. 2,192,383. Issued Jan. 13, 1988. 10 claims. 6 p.

Filed: Brit. appln. 15,659/87 (July 3, 1987). Priority: Brit. appln. 16,555/86 (July 8, 1986).

PUBLICATION YEAR: 1988 DOCUMENT TYPE: PATENT LANGUAGES: ENGLISH

A container is made of a boxlike carcass of a flexible material including four sides and a base. Two opposed sides of the carcass house rigid panels (e.g., of fiberboard or hardboard) which form a first pair of opposed sidewalls of the container. A pair of envelopes (e.g., of woven PP), each of which contains a rigid panel, are pivotal within the carcass between operative positions in which they overlie one of the panels forming the first pair of opposed sidewalls. For storage, the pivotal envelopes can be folded into a position in which the four rigid panels overlie one another with the other two opposed sides of the carcass located there between. The container is suitable for packaging bulk quantities of granular or powdery materials, pharmaceutical materials, or tobacco.

### 19/7,K/2 (Item 2 from file: 240)

DIALOG(R) File 240: PAPERCHEM

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00228464 PAPERCHEM NO: AB5703323

### Composite Paper Cans with Spirally Wound Walls

Palenik, K.; Nassalski, A

SOURCE: Przeglad Papier. no. 1: 21-26 (Jan. 1986). [Pol.]

PUBLICATION YEAR: 1986

DOCUMENT TYPE: JOURNAL ARTICLE

LANGUAGES: POLISH

Composite paper cans are increasingly used in industrialized countries, even if their production cost is equal to (or not much lower than) that of metal cans. This is due to the special advantages of these cans, the possibility of manufacturing them at plants producing the products to be packaged, and (in many cases) the necessity of reducing the consumption of sheet metal. The most widely used in Europe are cans with spirally wound walls, metal bottom, and either metal or plastic cover. A description is given of the various types of paper cans, the methods of forming their walls, and their packaging applications ( powdered food products, chemicals, pharmaceuticals, etc.). The advantages of paper cans and their limitations are discussed, and tables are presented showing the composition and properties of papers used for the internal, intermediate, and external layers of the cans, of paper laminates used for the walls, and of adhesives used in spiral winding. Also discussed are the types of bottoms, lids, and closures for composite paper cans. (5 fig., 5 tab.)

### 19/7,K/3 (Item 1 from file: 248)

DIALOG(R) File 248: PIRA

(c) 2004 Pira International. All rts. reserv.

00040249 Pira Acc. Num.: 1133600 Pira Abstract Numbers: 03-76-03600

Title: COMPOSITE PACKAGING MATERIALS: WHY DO THEY EXIST?

Authors: Paine F A

Source: 16th Eucepa Conference 'Paper and Board Based Composite Materials for Packaging' Grenoble 22-25 Mar 1976 paper no 1 13 pp (PM 3162D)

Publication Year: 1976

Document Type: Journal Article

Language: unspecified

Pira Subfiles: International Packaging Abstracts (PK)

Journal Announcement: 7611

Abstract: Composite containers exist because no single media is capable on its own of performing all the functions required of a package in modern society, particularly when costs are taken into consideration. The composite container is traditionally a spirally wound/convolutely wound/lap seam paper container, generally cylindrical in shape and ranging in size from 10-200 mm dia. They can be of almost any length but are sealed top and bottom with a closure of metal, paperboard or plastics. First applications were for cocoa, drugs, powders etc. but they are now used for such varied products as fruit juices, oils and sports goods. Most containers are now spirally wound, as with this process films, foils and special adhesives may be used in the make-up of the material during winding to provide the exact amount of protection required for a specific end-use.

**20/6/4** (Item 1 from file: 248) 00559255 Pira Acc. Num.: 20159387

Title: Finishing the packaging with closures

Publication Year: 1999

20/6/6 (Item 3 from file: 248)

00183186 Pira Acc. Num.: 8530999 Pira Abstract Numbers: 03-89-00516

Title: PFIZER FOLLOWS THE DOTTED LINE

Publication Year: 1988

20/6/8 (Item 5 from file: 248)

00050763 Pira Acc. Num.: 3231140 Pira Abstract Numbers: 03-80-01140

Title: NEUMO-ALITE AIM FOR TOP FILLING MACHINERY SPOT

Publication Year: 1980

20/6/10 (Item 1 from file: 252)

036157 93-03-f0019

(Packages made of PP and PET - produced using RBU technology.)

Verpackungen aus PP und PET - gefertigt mit RBU-Technologie. 1993,

20/7,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 240)

DIALOG(R) File 240: PAPERCHEM

(c) 2004 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv.

00507856 PAPERCHEM NO: AB6512120

Pharmaceutical [Packaging News] Round-up: Union of Companies Will Meet

SOURCE: Packag. Week 10, no. 26: 34 (November 24, 1994). [Enql.]

PUBLICATION YEAR: 1994

DOCUMENT TYPE: JOURNAL ARTICLE

LANGUAGES: ENGLISH

The formation of the Bowater Pharmaceutical Packaging international division, which comprises Cope Allman Plastics, Rondo, Bowater Pharmaceutical (Ireland), Causton Cartons, and the pharmaceutical holdings of DRG Medical Packaging, is described. The standard range of tamper-evident HDPE containers for over-the-counter and alternative health-care products has been extended at Jaycare in North Shields. RPC Containers Market Rasen has developed an alternative to foam and cotton wool as ullage fillers for tablet bottles. Beatson Clark of Rotherham is promoting the use of lightweight round bottles made of amber glass for pharmaceutical supplies and replaced the R6 neck finish with an R3 standard. A dry powder inhaler for pulmonary administration of

medications has been developed by the Valois-Pharm division of Perfect-Valois in Milton Keynes. Bibby Sterilin has designed a new HDPE bottle, the Azlon pharmaceutical bottle. To meet the European directive involving CFC emissions, Helvoet has changed to a freon-exempt siliconization treatment for rubber components.

DESCRIPTORS: BOTTLES; CLOSURES; CONTAINERS; DRUGS; ENGLISH; HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE; MEDICAL SURGICAL SUPPLIES; PACKAGING MATERIALS; PCKG; POLYETHYLENE; SAFETY CLOSURES; TAMPER...

### 20/7,K/2 (Item 2 from file: 240)

DIALOG(R) File 240: PAPERCHEM

(c) 2004 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv.

00329205 PAPERCHEM NO: AB6410694

### Method of Producing Packaging Boxes and Packaging Boxes Obtained with this Method

Romagnoli, A.

PATENT ASSIGNEES: Cestind-Centro Studi Industriali-Srl. (San Pietro Terme: Italy)

PATENT NUMBER: US 4890440 PATENT DATE: 900102 PATENT CLASS#: 53/456 PATENT APP# - DATE OF APPLICATION

US 210716 - 880623

IT 873577 - 870729

SOURCE: U.S. pat. 4,890,440. Issued Jan. 2, 1990. 3 claims. 8 p. Cl.53/456. Filed: U.S. appln. 210,716 (June 23, 1988). Priority: Ital. appln. 3577/87 (July 29, 1987).

PUBLICATION YEAR: 1990 DOCUMENT TYPE: PATENT LANGUAGES: ENGLISH

Flip-top boxes for pkg. foods, **powdered** detergents, **pharmaceutical** products, or the like are produced from blanks separated from large pbd. sheets supplied as a palletized stack.

DESCRIPTORS: BLANKS; BOXES; CONSTRUCTION; CONTAINERS; CONV; ENGLISH; HINGED LID CONTAINERS; PAPER BOARD CONTAINERS; PATENTS; UNITED STATES

### 20/7,K/3 (Item 3 from file: 240)

DIALOG(R) File 240: PAPERCHEM

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00184169 PAPERCHEM NO: AB5310438

Possibility of Long-term Storage of Powdered Drugs in Polymer Containers

Pechers'kii, P. P.; Lutsko, P. P.; Bobrov, V. M

SOURCE: Farmatsev. Zh. (Kiev) no. 6: 81-82 (1978). [Ukr.]

PUBLICATION YEAR: 1978

DOCUMENT TYPE: JOURNAL ARTICLE

LANGUAGES: UKRAINIAN

A number of pharmaceutical preparations (pyramidon, acetyl salicylic acid, sodium bromide, phenobarbital, phenacetin, ascorbic acid, sodium bicarbonate, etc.) were packaged in paper-PE and cellophane-PE laminates and, as control, in waxed paper. The packages were stored for 1 yr at room temperature, and the suitability of the packaging materials was evaluated by the appearance of the drugs and their weight changes. Compared to drugs packaged in waxed paper, these changes were considerably smaller. In most cases, no changes were observed in the external appearance of the drugs. Ascorbic acid, which undergoes intense yellowing when packaged in waxed paper, showed only a slight change of color. Thus, the polymeric packaging materials can be regarded as suitable for long-term storage of limited amounts of powdered pharmaceuticals, including those sensitive to

atmospheric moisture. (6 ref., 1 tab.)

DESCRIPTORS: ADDITION POLYMERS; CELLOPHANE; COMPOSITES; CONTAINERS; DRUGS; EVALUATION; LAMINATES; MEASUREMENT; OBSERVATION; PACKAGING; PACKAGING MATERIALS; PAPER; POLYETHYLENE; POLYHYDROCARBONS; POLYMERS; POLYOLEFINS; STORAGE; TEMPERATURE...

### 20/7,K/7 (Item 4 from file: 248)

DIALOG(R) File 248: PIRA

(c) 2004 Pira International. All rts. reserv.

00150253 Pira Acc. Num.: 7130738 Pira Abstract Numbers: 03-86-03301

Title: PACKAGING WITH ALUMINIUM - NEW PRODUCTS

Authors: Anon

Source: Aluminium vol. 62, no. 6, June 1986, pp 416-417

Publication Year: 1986

Document Type: Journal Article

Language: German

Pira Subfiles: International Packaging Abstracts (PK)

Journal Announcement: 8610

Abstract: New products launched in various parts of the world by manufacturers of aluminium packaging materials include: a specially coated aluminium pie-dish which may be used in a microwave oven used by the US company Mrs Smith's Frozen Foods, the West German Aluminiumwerk Tscheulin's peel-open sachets for finger-wipes or **pharmaceutical powders**; a new laminated tube from Printal Oy of Finland; a laminated aluminium-plastic foil for lining bottles and glass **containers** from Showa Aluminium of Japan; Schmalbach-Lubeca's security seal for cans of powdered foods eg coffee, milk, spices etc. and British Alcan Foil's new aluminium membrane used to seal Cadbury's Marvel tins.

### return to SCIFUS

Clinical Therapeutics

Volume 19, Issue 5, September-October 1997, Pages 1126-1134

doi:10.1016/S0149-2918(97)80065-3 (?) Cite or link using doi Copyright © 1997 Published by Elsevier Science Inc. All rights reserved. This Document

- ▶ Abstract
  - Abstract + References
  - PDF (683 K)

Patient satisfaction with the Diskhaler® and the Diskus® inhaler, a new multidose powder delivery system for the treatment of asthma

Actions

E-mail Article

Puneet Mahajan PhD and Lvnn Okamoto PharmD

Glaxo Wellcome Inc., Research Triangle Park, North Carolina U.S.A.

Available online 10 October 2001.

### **Abstract**

To evaluate patient satisfaction with two breath-actuated powder inhalers (Diskhaler<sup>®</sup> and Diskus<sup>®</sup>), investigators asked patients to complete questionnaires as part of a randomized, double-masked, double-dummy, placebo-controlled study of fluticasone propionate powder (500 mg twice daily) in the treatment of chronic persistent asthma. At baseline, patients rated the importance of various inhaler attributes (ie, ease of use, ease of loading with medication, ease of holding and operating, ease of cleaning, and ease of telling how many doses of medication are left). After 2 weeks of placebo and 6 and 12 weeks of active therapy, patients rated the inhalers on these same attributes. They also rated their general satisfaction with the inhalers and how comfortable they were using them. After 12 weeks, patients also rated the durability and convenience of carrying each device and were asked to indicate which they preferred. Data were available from 213 patients. All seven inhaler attributes measured were considered important by the majority of patients (71% to 91%), contributing to the validity of the patient-rated performance assessments. After 12 weeks of use, 57% to 88% of patients expressed a high level of satisfaction with the performance of the Diskhaler on all attributes: a high level of overall satisfaction (72%) and comfort (79%) was reported with this inhaler. Patients rated the performance of the Diskus inhaler very favorably, with 76% to 96% expressing a high level of satisfaction on all attributes; a high level of overall satisfaction (87%) and comfort (85%) was reported with this inhaler. At end point, 61.4% preferred the Diskus inhaler, 25.4% preferred the Diskhaler inhaler, and 13.2% expressed no preference. These breath-actuated powder inhalers may be acceptable alternatives to traditional meteredScienceDirect - Clinical Therapeutics: Patient satisfaction with the Diskhaler® and the D... Page 2 of 2

dose inhalers for the treatment of patients with asthma.

Author Keywords: asthma, Diskus, Diskhaler, device satisfaction

Address correspondence to: Puneet Mahajan, PhD, Pharmacoeconomic Research, Glaxo Wellcome Inc., 5 Moore Drive, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709.

### **Clinical Therapeutics**

1

Volume 19, Issue 5, September-October 1997, Pages 1126-1134

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```
File 350: Derwent WPIX 1963-2004/UD, UM &UP=200409
File 347: JAPIO Oct 1976-2003/Oct (Updated 040202)
File 371: French Patents 1961-2002/BOPI 200209
       Items Description
      599869
               POWDER??
S1
      293182 MEDICAMENT? OR MEDICATION? OR MEDICINE
S2
S3
       88393
               DRUG OR DRUGS
S4
      128416
               PHARMACEUTICAL? ?
S5
        1606
               (BLISTER OR BUBBLE)()(PACK? ? OR PACKET? ? OR PAK? ? OR SH-
            EET? ?)
      926154
               RECEPTACLE? ? OR CONTAINER? ? OR HOLDER? ?
S6
s7
     2152929
               BOTTOM? ? OR UNDERSIDE? ? OR UNDER()SIDE? ? OR BASE OR BAS-
            ES
      406506
S8
               CONVEX OR CONCAVE OR RAISED OR INDENTED OR ELEVATED
               BOWED OR ARCUATE? ? OR ARCUAL OR ARCIFORM OR ARC OR ARCLIKE
      189911
S9
             OR ARCHED OR BOWLIKE
S10
       82428
               INVERTED OR EVERTED
      182952
               IC=(A61M OR A61L-009/04 OR A61K-000 OR A61K-009)
S11
       4428
S12
               S1(5N)S2:S4
          33 S12 AND S5
S13
         566
              (S12 AND S6) NOT S5
S14
       92020
               S7(S)S8:S10
S15
S16
           0
               S13 AND S15
           5
               S14 AND S15
S17
S18
           3
               S11 AND S17
           2 S17 NOT S18
S19
S20
          24
               S13 AND S11
S21
          24
               S20 NOT S17
S22
          9
               S13 NOT (S18 OR S19 OR S20)
S23
         254
               S14 AND S11
S24
          12
               S8:S10 AND S23
S25
               S24 NOT S18:S22
           9
18/34/2
             (Item 2 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
           **Image available**
013922941
WPI Acc No: 2001-407154/200143
 Powder dispenser for inhalation of metered dose of powdered
                                                               medicament
, comprises powder
                       holder, inhalation conduit, metering dose plate,
 and swirl nozzle
Patent Assignee: SCHERING CORP (SCHE )
Inventor: AMBROSIO T J; BENSON W A; DAO K C; KENYON D J; KREISEDER W J;
 SCHONEBAUM T J; VOGEL A J; WALKER L B; YANG T
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
Patent Family:
Patent No
             Kind
                    Date
                            Applicat No
                                           Kind
                                                  Date
                                                           Week
                                            Α
US 6240918
             B1 20010605 US 9612029
                                                19960221 200143 B
                            US 97803363
                                            Α
                                                19970220
Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 9612029 P 19960221; US 97803363 A
 19970220
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC
                                    Filing Notes
US 6240918 B1 54 A61M-015/00
                                    Provisional application US 9612029
Abstract (Basic): US 6240918 B1
       NOVELTY - A powder dispenser comprises a powder holder (60), an
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inhalation conduit (64), a metering dose plate (180) and a swirl nozzle (380) with a supply chimney (404). The swirl nozzle changes the powder flow from a first direction of the inhalation conduit to a second direction. The supply chimney changes the powder flow from the second direction of the swirl cavity back to the first direction.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A powder dispenser comprises a powder holder, an inhalation conduit, a device for carrying a predetermined amount of the powdered material from the holder to the inhalation conduit, and a swirl nozzle having a supply chimney. The swirl nozzle changes the powder flow from the first direction of the inhalation conduit to a second direction. It is defined by a skirt and a top wall which has an opening. The supply chimney extends from the top wall, surrounding the opening, for changing the powder flow from the second direction of the swirl cavity back to the first direction. It includes an inner tubular wall surface having vertical irregularities extending in axial direction.

 ${\tt USE}$  - The dispenser is useful for inhalation of a metered dose of a powdered  ${\tt medicament}$  .

ADVANTAGE - The inventive powder dispenser delivers accurate dosage of **powder medicaments** within a particular size range. Its design activates the counter, makes it easy to reapply the cap, secures the powder retainer to the metering dose plate without leakage, and avoids disengagement of the swirl nozzle and mouthpiece from the drive body during inhalation. Further, its indicia can be read while the dispenser remains in its normal upright position.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure is a longitudinal cross-sectional view of the inventive powder dispenser.

Powder housing (20) Reservoir body (22) Powder holder (60) Powder supply (62) Inhalation conduit (64) Driving body (120) Metering dose plate (180) Metering dose hole (184) Base (200) Retaining post (218) Adapter (320) Swirl nozzle (380) Supply chimney (404) Gear teeth (424) Closure cap (520) Continuous counter ring (590) Intermittent counter ring (620) Pawl (640) Spring (658) pp; 54 DwgNo 4/90

Technology Focus:

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - INSTRUMENTATION AND TESTING - Preferred Components: The irregularities are formed by flutes on the inner tubular wall surface. The flutes are formed by first concave wall sections having an arc of a smaller radius, and second concave wall sections having an arc of a bigger radius. The top wall is circular with its opening at the center, and the swirl nozzle includes a curved wall which extends spirally from the opening to the skirt. The central axis of the inhalation conduit is parallel to and offset from that of

the supply chimney. The powder holder and the inhalation conduit are included in a powder housing (20). A reservoir body (22) which contains the powder supply (62) and includes the inhalation conduit, is also included in the powder housing. A driving body (120) is secured to the reservoir body to rotate the reservoir body, and includes recesses in its circular top wall (122). The swirl nozzle is mounted to the driving body and includes ribs welded in the recesses of the driving body. The metering dose plate is positioned below the powder supply, and is bio-directionally rotatable with the powder housing. It includes a metering dose hole (184) for holding the predetermined amount of powder. A spring (658) biases the metering dose plate and the powder housing towards each other. An adapter (320) is non-rotatably mounted to the metering dose plate, and includes locking recess or recesses for preventing the rotation of the powder housing. A closure cap (520) covers the powder housing and primes the powder dispenser for use. Further, the powder dispenser includes a gas permeable retainer for retaining a dose of the powder in the metered dose hole, a base (200) having a retaining post (218), and a counter which is rotatably mounted on the base for providing visual count of the number of doses of the powder that have been dispensed or remain to be dispensed. The counter includes a rotatable counter ring assembly which has a counting indicia for displaying the visual count. The counter ring assembly has a continuous counter ring (590) with gear teeth (424), and an intermittent counter ring (620). An actuating device incrementally rotates the counter ring assembly in response to the relative rotation between the metering plate and the powder housing. It includes an outer wall, a pawl (640) for engagement within the gear teeth of the continuous or intermittent counter ring, and a pawl spring for biasing the pawl into engagement with the gear teeth.

POLYMERS - Preferred Material: The ribs of the driving body are made from a plastic material

Derwent Class: B07; P34; P42; Q34

International Patent Class (Main): A61M-015/00

International Patent Class (Additional): A61M-016/00; B05D-007/14; B65D-083/06

# 18/34/3 (Item 3 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

010774686 \*\*Image available\*\*
WPI Acc No: 1996-271639/199628

Multiple cylinder mechanism for filling intracorporeal direct injection container - has tubular spray nozzle with extended shaft and simple parallel circulation path internally

Patent Assignee: TAISEI KAKO CO (TAKJ )

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
JP 8112357 A 19960507 JP 94278458 A 19941017 199628 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 94278458 A 19941017

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

JP 8112357 A 10 A61M-031/00

Abstract (Basic): JP 8112357 A

The mechanism consists of a tubular part (ln) standing up vertically on the base of crown member. The insertion hole (lh) for the

> chemical or medical capsule (P) is provided at the bottom of the jet tubular part which has a parallel gas circulation path (1s). A support tube (2) is fixed on the base with a support (2f). A connection unit is provided in a side valve (6h) of the cylinder with a bottom (6) outside the downstream region (2d) of a support tube.

> The valve operating mechanism (4) mounted to the **bottom** pore has a suction hole (40h) opening in the gas circulation path (43) for force feed. An **arc** like connected member (7) of L shaped cross-section slides outside of valley (2n). The outside connection part (7u) is connected to the connection part (1c) as a lower inner wall.

USE/ADVANTAGE - In opening capsules containing fine **powder** of chemical or **medicine** using gas force feed. Facilitates simultaneous administration of medicine or chemical. Supplies gas for force feed repeatedly. Facilitates use of intra-corporeal capsule as many times as required. Facilitates exchange of **container**.

Dwg.1/6

Derwent Class: P34

International Patent Class (Main): A61M-031/00

International Patent Class (Additional): A61M-013/00

#### 19/34/1 (Item 1 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

012934218

WPI Acc No: 2000-106065/200009

Dispensing closure for container of liquid or powdered paint, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, chemicals including catalysts, etc.

Patent Assignee: CLARKSON A J (CLAR-I)

Inventor: CLARKSON A J

Number of Countries: 086 Number of Patents: 003

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week WO 9965783 A1 19991223 WO 99AU454 Α 19990611 200009 B AU 9942517 20000105 AU 9942517 Α Α 19990611 200024 AU 765864 В 20031002 AU 9942517 Α 19990611 200373

Priority Applications (No Type Date): AU 984084 A 19980612

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

WO 9965783 A1 E 19 B65D-025/08

Designated States (National): AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW

Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ UG ZW

AU 9942517 A B65D-025/08 Based on patent WO 9965783 AU 765864 B B65D-025/08 Previous Publ. patent AU 9942517

Based on patent WO 9965783

Abstract (Basic): WO 9965783 Al

NOVELTY - The dispensing closure for a **container** has a side and bottom walls defining a compartment. The bottom wall is frangible, preferably having a weakened edge portion sealed to the **container**. A capsule engages within the compartment and contains a material to be dispensed. The capsule has a lower edge which, on relative movement of the capsule and compartment, breaks open the frangible bottom wall to dispense the capsule contents into the **container**.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The capsule may be an **inverted** cylinder open at its lower end. The capsule may be pushed past the **bottom** wall and prevented from returning.

USE - Container for liquid or powdered paint, cosmetic, pharmaceutical, chemical, etc.

ADVANTAGE - Material or substance in liquid, powder, solid, granular or other form is able to be quickly and easily dispensed into the product in the **container**. Closure is simple and easy to produce, assemble and sealingly engage with the **container**. Can be manufactured using existing manufacturing equipment and tooling.

pp; 19 DwgNo 0/6

Derwent Class: B07; Q32; Q33; Q34

International Patent Class (Main): B65D-025/08

International Patent Class (Additional): B65D-017/00; B65D-041/32;

B65D-051/28; B65D-081/32

#### 19/34/2 (Item 2 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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000876619

WPI Acc No: 1972-36602T/197223

# Powdered medicament dispenser - for use with a parental soln

container and having powder loss prevention means

Patent Assignee: AMERICAN HOME PROD CORP (AMHP )

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 3662930 A 197223 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 7051088 A 19700630

Abstract (Basic): US 3662930 A

The dispenser includes reservoir, contg. powder, a conduit connected to the reservoir for allowing passage of the powder into and from a parenteral soln. container over which the dispenser has been inverted, and a conical guide located, apex toward the base of the reservoir, between the conduit and the reservoir, the guide contg. tortuous through passages to prevent the escape of powder from the reservoir as it is initially inverted over the soln. container. Thus loss of powder is prevented and accurate proportion of medicament is maintained. The through passages are pref. in the form of concentric passageways interconnected by radial slots. The reservoir and conduit may both be of polyethylene, although the conduit may be part metal.

Derwent Class: B07; 039

International Patent Class (Additional): B67D-003/00

#### 21/26,TI/3 (Item 3 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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015546015

WPI Acc No: 2003-608171/200357

Medicament dispenser, useful for dispensing combination medicament product, comprises first and second medicament containers of respective first and second active components, and first and second release mechanisms

# 21/26,TI/4 (Item 4 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan Serial 09/731318 February 10, 2004

015449849

WPI Acc No: 2003-511991/200348

Lancing mechanism for piercing blister pack in medicament inhaler for administration of dry powder medicament, comprises lancet having primary and secondary piercing elements configured for piercing top of blister pack

21/26,TI/6 (Item 6 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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015217529

WPI Acc No: 2003-278442/200327

Inhalation device, useful for treating e.g. chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, delivers powdered mixture of salmeterol and anticholinergic agent

21/26,TI/7 (Item 7 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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015043103

WPI Acc No: 2003-103619/200309

Inhalation device for delivering powdered medicament, comprising suction tube and unit for drying air drawn by user into device prior to contact with powdered medicament, so that dose is dispersed in dried air for delivery at proximal end

21/26,TI/8 (Item 8 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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014677853

WPI Acc No: 2002-498910/200253

Medicament inhalator for administering dry powder medicament to asthmatics, has inhalation-activated flow diverting device for triggering delivery of medicament

21/26,TI/9 (Item 9 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

014641169 -

WPI Acc No: 2002-461873/200249

Method for packaging uniform small measures of finely divided substance, involves evaporating portion of liquefied gas from dispensed metered quantity of dispersion comprising finely divided substance and liquefied gas

21/26,TI/10 (Item 10 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

014420469

WPI Acc No: 2002-241172/200229

Medicament container comprises medicament powder formed from material comprising desiccant

21/26,TI/11 (Item 11 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

014293845

WPI Acc No: 2002-114547/200215

Medicament dispenser for administering medicament in powder form to

patient comprises body, dose mover and dispensing outlet cover movable relative to body from storage position to in-use position

21/26,TI/14 (Item 14 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

013924333

WPI Acc No: 2001-408546/200143

Inhalation device for administering powder medicament from blister pack, comprises biasing means for moving suction tube into position where it is biased away from housing surfaces to facilitate grasping by user

21/26,TI/15 (Item 15 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

013781110

WPI Acc No: 2001-265321/200127

Dry powder medicament inhalator for use in asthmatic patients, includes primary inhalation passage having an airflow inhibiting mechanism connected to a fluid flow blocking plate

21/26,TI/16 (Item 16 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

013586646

WPI Acc No: 2001-070853/200108

Loading of a blister pack with a defined quantity of medicament involves directing powder into a closed-off perforation of a perforated plate

21/26,TI/18 (Item 18 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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012755771

WPI Acc No: 1999-561888/199947

Dry powder medicament inhalator for asthmatic patients - has a primary inhalation passage with a rotatable restricting vane moving a blocking plate to entrain powder in a secondary airflow passage

21/26,TI/20 (Item 20 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

011703580

WPI Acc No: 1998-120490/199811

Medical inhaler has improved indexing of rotatable disc carrying blister pack - comprises blister pack mounted beneath cover plate and actuator aligned with one end of lever and other end adjacent to blister

21/26,TI/21 (Item 21 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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008915901

WPI Acc No: 1992-043170/199206

Inhalation medicament powder dosing device - with element for bursting container lid esp. of bubble pack

21/34/1 (Item 1 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

015911307 \*\*Image available\*\*
WPI Acc No: 2004-069147/200407

Inhalation therapy method involves forming unit dose of dry pharmaceutical powder in pressurized airtight vessel, attaching the vessel to inhaler, rupturing the vessel where aerosol of powder is released into inhaler, and inhaling aerosol

Patent Assignee: FOTLAND R A (FOTL-I); MIEKKA R G (MIEK-I)

Inventor: FOTLAND R A; MIEKKA R G

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week US 20030196661 A1 20031023 US 2002125090 A 20020419 200407 B Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2002125090 A 20020419 Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes US 20030196661 A1 9 A61M-015/00

Abstract (Basic): US 20030196661 A1

NOVELTY - An inhalation therapy method comprises forming a unit dose of dry **pharmaceutical powder** in a pressurized airtight vessel; attaching the airtight vessel to an inhaler; rupturing the airtight vessel where an aerosol of the powder is released into the inhaler; and inhaling the aerosol.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for a unit dose package for use in inhalation therapy, comprising a pressurized container containing one or more fine inhalable powders and a pressurized gas; and a method of pressurized packaging of uniform small measures of a finely divided substance, comprising providing the unit dose package; forming a mixture of the finely divided substance with a liquefied gas; agitating the mixture to form a uniform dispersion; dispensing a metered quantity of the uniform dispersion into the unit dose package; and sealing the unit dose package to form an airtight chamber, where the sealed substrate is maintained under high pressure.

USE - For inhalation therapy.

ADVANTAGE - The invention eliminates the requirement for an external aerosolizing power source. It provides a fine distribution of powder required of inhalation therapy.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure schematically illustrates the use of a pressurized capsule in an inhaler.

Inhaler housing (41)

Mouthpiece (42)

Capsule holder (43)

Capsule (45)

Rupturable lid (47)

pp; 9 DwgNo 3/5

Technology Focus:

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - INSTRUMENTATION AND TESTING - Preferred Method: The airtight vessel is pressurized by sealing the vessel while the vessel contains a small quantity of liquefied gas, preferably liquefied nitrogen or liquefied fluorohydrocarbon. The aerosol is combined with inhaled air during the inhaling step.

Preferred Dose: The unit dose is 10 microgram-10 mg.

Preferred Component: The unit dose package is in the form of a cylindrical tube sealed at one end, or in the form of a **blister** pack

. Preferred Parameter: The high pressure is 20-300 psi. PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Component: The finely divided substance powders employed in inhalation therapy. The is from pharmaceutical finely divided substance and pharmaceutical powder have a mean particle diameter of 0.5-5 microns, respectively. The unit dose comprising the pharmaceutical powder has a mean aerodynamic particle diameter of 0.5-5 microns. INORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Component: The liquefied gas is liquefied noble gases or liquid nitrogen. The pressurized gas having a pressure in excess of 20 psi is nitrogen Derwent Class: B07; P34 International Patent Class (Main): A61M-015/00 (Item 2 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 015582660 \*\*Image available\*\* WPI Acc No: 2003-644817/200361 Dry powder medicament inhalator delivery system, useful for delivering several medicament formulations in single inspired breath, for treatment of respiratory diseases, comprises dry powder inhalator and medicament packaging system Patent Assignee: CASPER R A (CASP-I); GARDNER D L (GARD-I); JOHNSON K A (JOHN-I); RESPIRICS INC (RESP-N) Inventor: CASPER R A; GARDNER D L; JOHNSON K A Number of Countries: 101 Number of Patents: 002 Patent Family: Patent No Kind Applicat No Date Kind Date Week . US 20030075172 A1 20030424 US 2001344544 20011019 P 200361 B US 2002267013 Α 20021008 WO 200335137 A2 20030501 WO 2002US32387 A 20021010 200361 Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2001344544 P 20011019; US 2002267013 A 20021008 Patent Details: Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes 22 A61L-009/04 US 20030075172 A1 Provisional application US 2001344544 WO 200335137 A2 E A61M-000/00 Designated States (National): AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VC VN YU Designated States (Regional): AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SK SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW Abstract (Basic): US 20030075172 A1 NOVELTY - A dry **powder** medicament inhalator delivery system for delivering several different medicament formulations in a single inspired breath, comprises: (1) a dry powder inhalator for providing medicament to patients inspired air stream in a controlled manner; and (2) a medicament packaging system (14) comprising at least one dose each of several different medicament formulations DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for: (1) A blister pack for delivering medicament for inhalation, containing a first and second medicament isolated in separate blisters;

(2) A method for delivering medication, comprising:

- (a) selecting a medicament pack containing a first and second medicament isolated from each other; and
- (b) opening the pack to enable inhalation of both medicaments in a single inhalation; and
  - (3) An inhaler for delivering medicament, comprising:
  - (a) a first inflow channel in contact with a first medicament;
- (b) a second inflow channel in contact with a second medicament; and  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right$
- (c) an inhalation channel in contact with both the first and second inflow channels.

USE - The inhaler is used for providing a combination of medicaments via inhalators, useful in the treatment of respiratory diseases, systemic and topical diseases, gene therapy, vaccine administration, or for administration of antigens and adjuvants.

ADVANTAGE - The medicaments are stored separately and are not mixed until the point of inhalation, eliminating the risk of deterioration of the medicaments or carriers. The manufacturing process is optimized for each medicament powder and thereby enhances chemical stability and physical stability of the medicament powder.

The individual medicaments can be delivered simultaneously or sequentially with one inhalation of the patient and thereby increases the patient compliance to achieve improved efficacy. The fine particles of the **medicament powder** maximizes the shelf life of each medicament and targeting to the lung.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a side view of a medicament package.

Medicament packaging system (14)

pp; 22 DwgNo 1A/12

Derwent Class: B07; P34; P35

International Patent Class (Main): A61L-009/04; A61M-000/00

International Patent Class (Additional): A62B-009/00

#### 21/34/5 (Item 5 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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015320751 \*\*Image available\*\*

WPI Acc No: 2003-381686/200336

Portable medication inhalation kit used for pulmonary administration of medicine, comprises carrying case, doses of dry powder medication, dosing guidance system, and dry powder inhaler

Patent Assignee: LILLY & CO ELI (ELIL )

Inventor: NESBITT R R

Number of Countries: 101 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week WO 200330974 A1 20030417 WO 2002US29829 A 20021002 200336 B Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2001327761 P 20011008 Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes WO 200330974 Al E 26 A61M-015/00

Designated States (National): AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

Designated States (Regional): AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB

GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SK SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW Abstract (Basic): WO 200330974 Al

NOVELTY - A portable medication inhalation kit (20) has:

- (a) carrying case (22) with first, second, and third surface portions;
- (b) individual doses (57) of dry **powder medication** removably mounted on first surface;
- (c) dosing guidance system on second surface in registry with individual doses; and
- (d) dry powder inhaler (40) removably mounted on third surface and operable to administer doses loaded by user into inhaler

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for a carrier for individual doses of inhalable medication and an inhaler operable to pulmonarily administer 1 of the individual doses, comprising first and second parts both having exterior and interior surfaces, with the second being hingedly connected to the first and pivotable relative between a carrier opening and closing positions; mechanisms on the first part interior surface for removably mounting the individual doses of medication and for guiding the dosing; and mechanism on 1 of the first and second part interior surfaces for removably mounting the inhaler. When in carrier closing position the first and second parts define an internal volume in which the interior surface of the first part faces the interior surface of the second part.

USE - The invention is used to administer medicine, particularly to pulmonary administration of medicine.

ADVANTAGE - The invention allows a patient to conveniently, and in organized fashion, tote around the materials needed to pulmonarily self-administer the inhalable medication. It has an uncomplicated and cost-effective design which is easy and intuitive to use. It also allows the user to note personalized instructions for a given dose of medication. It can also be stored in a highly visible arrangement to serve as dosing reminder and which may assist the user in complying with the therapy prescribed by a physician.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure is a diagrammatic, exploded perspective view of the portable medication inhalation kit.

Portable kit (20) Carrying case (22) Lid (24) Base (26) Hinges (28) Inserts (30, 32) Insert surface (31) Central surface region (34) Inhaler accommodating hollow (35) Recessed regions (37, 38) Inhaler (40) First rail (44) Lip portions (45, 47) Slot (50) Protruding stop (52) Medicine pack (55) Individual doses (57) Cavities (60) Dosing guidance system (70) pp; 26 DwgNo 1/6

Technology Focus:

February 10, 2004

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - INSTRUMENTATION AND TESTING - Preferred Components: The individual doses comprise medication filled capsules. The first surface portion comprises a pair of rails with facing lips to retain the blister pack . The dosing guidance system 70) comprises dry erase markable surface(s) fixedly secured to or integrated into the case second surface, replaceable writing tablet(s) removably mounted on the case second surface, and indicia provided directly on the case second portion. The kit further comprises an insert (30, 32) removably mountable on the case first and second surfaces and includes dosing guidance system and adhesive element(s) on which the individual doses is removably mountable. The insert comprises a cardboard construction and a release strip covering the adhesive element(s). The carrying case comprises first and second parts hingedly connected in a clamshell configuration. The mechanism for mounting the medication comprises lipped projections that retain a pack containing a row of medication. The lipped projections comprise a pair of parallel rails between which the pack is insertable.

Preferred Devices: The individual doses of dry powder medication are arranged in a row and individually sealed within a blister pack. The first surface portion defines a slot (50) for slidably receiving the blister pack. The case first surface portion is adapted to retain the blister pack when it is received in the slot. The doses are aligned with the dosing guidance system. The case first and second surfaces define a slot for slidably receiving the insert and are adapted to retain the insert after being received in the slot. The third surface defines a recess in which partially insertably fits the inhaler.

Derwent Class: B07; P33; P34
International Patent Class (Main): A61M-015/00
International Patent Class (Additional): A61J-001/00

#### 21/34/12 (Item 12 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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014256462 \*\*Image available\*\*
WPI Acc No: 2002-077160/200211

Blister pack useful in packaging and delivering vitamins, for inhalation therapy, comprises elongate bottom element and frangible top element defining crowned areas containing powder or liquid material

Patent Assignee: MICRODOSE TECHNOLOGIES INC (MICR-N)

Inventor: GUMASTE A V

Number of Countries: 027 Number of Patents: 002

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date A1 20020102 EP 2001401722 EP 1166812 Α 20010628 200211 B US 20020078947 A1 20020627 US 2000214578 Р 20000628 200245 US 2001888837 20010625 Α

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2000214578 P 20000628; US 2001888837 A 20010625

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes EP 1166812 A1 E 11 A61M-015/00

Designated States (Regional): AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI TR

US 20020078947 A1 A61M-011/00 Provisional application US 2000214578 Abstract (Basic): EP 1166812 A1

NOVELTY - A **blister pack** for use in inhalation therapy, comprises an elongate bottom element (10) and a frangible overlying top element (12). The top elements have several spaced top crowned areas (14) containing powder or liquid material.

USE - Useful in packaging and delivering wet or dry pharmaceutical and drugs such as vitamins, hormones, steroids and other bio-active materials, such as peptides and proteins, for use in inhalation therapy.

ADVANTAGE - The blister pack (BP) effectively enables pre-packaging of aliquots or doses of medications or drugs. The shape and size of the blisters provides optimum control over delivery of controlled amounts of medication or drug. The holes in BP may act as filters and prevents ejection of aggregated or agglomerated particles from the blister pack, until the particles are broken up to optimal size, thereby eliminating overdosing and/or wastage of medicament. The shape, height and volume of BP together with the size and number of holes punched through the top crowned area, enables de-aggregation and aerosolization of the powder or liquid material in BP. The three main phenomenons which helps in de-aggregation and aerosolization of the material in the blister are Helm-Holtz resonator, standing waves set-up in BP and vibrator frequency of the piezo. The Helm-Holtz resonator formed by the holes punches in the top crown and the volume of BP, supports de-aggregation and ejection of material from BP. The standing waves in BP having determined by the height and shape of the blister, enables lifting and aerosolizing the material in the blister. The BP when coupled to the piezo essentially acts as a miniature pump which expels the powder or liquid into the air stream, and keeps the powdered or liquid medications or drugs freshly sealed and dry until just prior to use. Dosage size can be adjusted simply by changing the number of BP opened in the air channel. Hence, multiple blister may be opened simultaneously or sequentially.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the schematic diagram of a  ${\bf blister}$   ${\bf pack}$  .

Bottom element (10) Top element (12) Top crowned areas (14)

pp; 11 DwgNo 3/6

Derwent Class: B07; P34; Q31; Q34
International Patent Class (Main): A61M-011/00; A61M-015/00
International Patent Class (Additional): A61M-016/00; B29C-051/00; B65B-011/00; B65D-073/00; B65D-075/00; B65D-083/00

#### 21/34/13 (Item 13 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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013933757 \*\*Image available\*\*
WPI Acc No: 2001-417971/200144

Blister pack for inhaling powdered machine, has at least one slit formed by cutting foil layer and lower base for accurate penetration of suction tube for inhaling machine

Patent Assignee: ASTRAZENECA AB (ASTR ); EKELIUS C (EKEL-I); OHLSSON P (OHLS-I); SELMER A (SELM-I)

Inventor: EKELIUS C; OHLSSON P; SELMER A

Number of Countries: 096 Number of Patents: 014

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week

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February 10, 2004
WO 200145634
                   20010628
               A1
                             WO 2000SE2649
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                   20010703 AU 200125684
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US 20020124846 A1
                   20020912 WO 2000SE2649
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US 6637431
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MX 2002006152 A1
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                   20031126 ZA 20024206
ZA 200204206
                                                 20020527
                                             Α
                                                           200402
Priority Applications (No Type Date): SE 994706 A 19991221
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                         Main IPC
                                     Filing Notes
WO 200145634 A1 E 41 A61J-001/03
   Designated States (National): AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA
   CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP
   KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT
   RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW
   Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR
   IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW
AU 200125684 A
                       A61J-001/03
                                     Based on patent WO 200145634
US 20020124846 A1
                       A61M-015/00
NO 200202922 A
                       A61J-000/00
              A1 E
                       A61J-001/03
EP 1242034
                                     Based on patent WO 200145634
   Designated States (Regional): AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT
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BR 200016538 A
                       A61J-001/03
                                     Based on patent WO 200145634
CZ 200202152 A3
                       A61M-015/00
                                     Based on patent WO 200145634
TW 470657
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KR 2002065590 A
                       A61J-001/00
JP 2003517884 W
                    48 A61J-001/03
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CN 1434695
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US 6637431
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                       A61M-015/00
                                     Based on patent WO 200145634
MX 2002006152 A1
                       A61J-001/03
                                     Based on patent WO 200145634
                    47 A61J-000/00
ZA 200204206 A
Abstract (Basic): WO 200145634 A1
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NOVELTY - A **blister pack** comprising a lower base (18) containing cavities for holding powdered machine for inhaling, is new. An upper sealing foil layer (20) covers the lower base to form blisters (13). Each cavity has at least one adjacent slit (21) formed by cutting the foil layer and the lower base ensuring accurate penetration of cavity by inhaling suction tube from which an user inhales the machine. USE - For holding **powder medicament** for inhalation.

ADVANTAGE - The pack is light weight while retaining sufficient

February 10, 2004 rigidity due to constructional feature of blister pack . Eliminates chances of misuse since slits are formed for penetrating suction tube. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows an enlarged perspective view of a blister pack . Blister (13) Lower base (18) Upper sealing foil layer (20) Adjacent slit (21). pp; 41 DwgNo 40/42 Derwent Class: B07; P33; P34; P35; Q31; Q32 International Patent Class (Main): A61J-000/00; A61J-001/00; A61J-001/03; A61M-015/00 International Patent Class (Additional): A61M-015/02; A62B-007/00; B65B-069/00; B65D-025/10 21/34/17 (Item 17 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 013507723 \*\*Image available\*\* WPI Acc No: 2000-679667/200066 Carrier for containment of a product such as a medicament for use in conjunction with an inhaler. Patent Assignee: GLAXO GROUP LTD (GLAX ) Inventor: BONNEY S G; DAVIES M B; GODFREY J W; HAGLUND S M; RAND P K Number of Countries: 093 Number of Patents: 004 Patent Family: Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week WO 200064779 A1 20001102 WO 2000EP3518 20000419 200066 B Α 20001110 AU 200041195 AU 200041195 A· Α 20000419 200109 EP 1173368 A1 20020123 EP 2000920722 20000419 Α 200214 WO 2000EP3518 Α 20000419 JP 2002542999 W 20021217 JP 2000613742 Α 20000419 200312 WO 2000EP3518 Α 20000419 Priority Applications (No Type Date): GB 999357 A 19990424 Patent Details: Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes WO 200064779 A1 E 39 B65D-075/20 Designated States (National): AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TZ UG ZW AU 200041195 A B65D-075/20 Based on patent WO 200064779 B65D-075/20 Al E EP 1173368 Based on patent WO 200064779 Designated States (Regional): AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI JP 2002542999 W 64 B65D-085/50 Based on patent WO 200064779 Abstract (Basic): WO 200064779 Al NOVELTY - A medicament carrier comprising a sheet having two portions, one having a retainer to contain the product, the second having a fold so that the portion is foldable towards the retainer to form a cover, and a join between the cover and the retainer, is new. USE - For uses in combination with an inhalation device, a contraceptive device, or as a blister pack for other products, e.g.

medicaments, foodstuffs, tools, and agrochemicals (claimed).

ADVANTAGE - Especially useful for the elderly or infirm in that the pull tab is readily identifiable and easy to grasp.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing is a sectional view of a first embodiment.

Elongate strip (10)

Blister (20)

Seal (25)

Pull tab (30)

pp; 39 DwgNo 1a/6

# Technology Focus:

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - MECHANICAL ENGINEERING - Preferred Carrier: The carrier comprises an elongate strip (10) having a first portion provided with a blister (20) to contain a **powdered medicament**, and a second portion folded once to cover the blister (20) and its seal (25) and folded again to provide a pull release tab (30). The device may be produced in single or multi-dose form, the strip (10) being made from material selected from the group including metal foil, an organic polymeric material, or paper, most preferably comprising a laminate. An inert support within the retainer holds the product. The second portion may have a second fold to form a pull release tab which has a looped end. The join is formed using heat, laser, radio frequency, adhesive, staple, stamp, pressure or ultrasound sealing.

PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Carrier: The carrier can contain medicaments including albuterol, salmeterol, ipratropium bromide, fluticasone propionate, beclamethasone dipropionate, and salts or solvates thereof and mixtures thereof. Contraceptive drugs include spermicide, estrogen, ethinyl estradiol, progesterone, levonorgestrel, and norgestrel

Derwent Class: B05; B07; C07; D16; P33; P34; Q34

International Patent Class (Main): B65D-075/20; B65D-085/50

International Patent Class (Additional): A61J-001/03; A61J-001/05;

A61K-009/70; A61M-015/00; B65D-075/22; B65D-075/42; B65D-085/00;

B65D-085/16; B65D-085/24; B65D-085/72; B65D-085/82

#### 21/34/19 (Item 19 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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012755704 \*\*Image available\*\*

WPI Acc No: 1999-561821/199947

Powder inhaler and blister pack unit for administering medicaments in dose form e.g. in asthma treatment - has an attached suction tube and back-to-back blister pack elements allowing a space saving arrangement of powder containing blisters

Patent Assignee: ASTRAZENECA AB (ASTR ); ASTRA AB (ASTR )

Inventor: HECKENMUELLER H; HETZER U; KUBLIK H; TIEDEMANN V; VON SCHUCKMANN A; HECKENMUELLER H A G; HETZER U A G; KUBLIK H A G; TIEDEMANN V A G; HECKENMULLER H

Number of Countries: 087 Number of Patents: 017

Patent Family:

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Pá	atent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week	
W	9947099	A1	19990923	WO 99SE416	Α	19990316	199947	В
Αl	J 9930623	Α	19991011	AU 9930623	Α	19990316	200008	
NO	200004587	Α	20000914	WO 99SE416	Α	19990316	200063	
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В	R 9908815	Α	20001121	BR 998815	Α	19990316	200065	
				WO 99SE416	Α	19990316		

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Serial 09/731318
February 10, 2004
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EP 1063957
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ZA 200004768
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                             EP 99912201
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                             WO 99SE416
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                                                 19990316
Priority Applications (No Type Date): SE 98897 A 19980317
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                       Main IPC
                                     Filing Notes
WO 9947099
              A1 E 38 A61J-001/03
   Designated States (National): AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN
   CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ
   LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK
   SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW
   Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR
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                       A61J-001/03
AU 9930623
                                     Based on patent WO 9947099
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NO 200004587
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BR 9908815
                       A61J-001/03
              Α
                                     Based on patent WO 9947099
EP 1063957
              A1 E
                       A61J-001/03
                                     Based on patent WO 9947099
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   LT LU MC MK NL PT RO SE SI
CZ 200003369 A3
                       A61J-001/03
                                     Based on patent WO 9947099
SK 200001380 A3
                       A61M-015/00
HU 200101444 A2
                       A61J-001/03
                                     Based on patent WO 9947099
MX 2000009045 A1
                       A61J-001/03
KR 2001052210 A
                       B65D-075/36
CN 1316894
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                       A61J-001/03
JP 2002506686 W
                    45 A61M-013/00
                                     Based on patent WO 9947099
                                     Previous Publ. patent AU 9930623
AU 744255
              В
                       A61J-001/03
                                     Based on patent WO 9947099
NZ 506811
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                       A61J-001/03
                                     Based on patent WO 9947099
ZA 200004768
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                    54 A61J-000/00
                                     Based on patent WO 9947099
EP 1063957
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   Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI
   LT LU MC MK NL PT RO SE SI
DE 69909764
                       A61J-001/03
                                     Based on patent EP 1063957
                                     Based on patent WO 9947099
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Abstract (Basic): WO 9947099 A1

NOVELTY - The inhaler comprises a frame (13) holding blister

packs (11, 12) back-to-back, a cutting assembly (64) and interconnection (9) DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The inhaler comprises a plastic housing for a blister pack assembly comprising a blister pack unit and a suction tube (7) with a cutting assembly (64) and interconnection (9). A frame (13) holds blister pack elements (11, 12) with multiple blisters (21, 22) covered by thin metal films (26, 27) and cavities (19, 20) containing a powder dose. Preferably, two elements are arranged back-to-back, with the first element cavities in the spaces between the second element cavities. USE - For administering dry powder medicaments in the form of individual powder doses contained in blisters, in the treatment of respiratory conditions, e.g. asthma. ADVANTAGE - The back-to-back arrangement of **blister** elements minimizes the inhaler thickness and dimensions. The housing has an array of openings for guiding the suction tube over individual blisters for the cutting assembly to rupture the film covering. The interconnection prevents the suction tube from becoming separated from pack unit. A frame clip holds the suction tube when not in use. A hinged cover for the housing encloses the suction tube and guide openings when closed. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows an exploded perspective view of the inhaler blister pack assembly. Suction tube (7) Interconnection (9) Blister pack elements (11,12) Frame (13) Cavities (19,20) Blisters (26,27) Thin metal films (21,22) Cutting assembly (64) pp; 38 DwgNo 6/14 Derwent Class: B07; P33; P34; Q32; Q34 International Patent Class (Main): A61J-000/00; A61J-001/03; A61M-013/00; **A61M-015/00** ; B65D-075/36 International Patent Class (Additional): B65D-083/04 21/34/22 (Item 22 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 008898758 \*\*Image available\*\* WPI Acc No: 1992-026027/199204 Inhaler delivering fine powder from buster strip - has cup in airflow path to hold powder without loss before inhalation Patent Assignee: PROMO PACK SA (PROM-N) Inventor: CITTERIO G; COCOZZA S; RUSCONI M Number of Countries: 015 Number of Patents: 005 Patent Family: Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week EP 467172 Α 19920122 EP 91111238 Α 19910705 199204 US 5207217 19930504 US 91722873 Α Α 19910628 199319 B1 19940406 EP 91111238 EP 467172 19910705 199414 Α DE 69101600 E 19940511 DE 601600 19910705 Α 199420 EP 91111238 Α 19910705

19940610 IT 9020947

Priority Applications (No Type Date): IT 9020947 A 19900716

19900716 199441

Α

IT 1243344

В

Cited Patents: EP 129985; FR 2516387

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

EP 467172 A

Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE ES FR GB GR IT LI LU NL SE

US 5207217 A 7 A61M-015/00 EP 467172 B1 E 10 A61M-015/00

Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IT LI LU NL SE

DE 69101600 E A61M-015/00 Based on patent EP 467172

IT 1243344 B A61M-000/00

Abstract (Basic): EP 467172 A

An inhaler for administering very fine or micronised medicament powder doses contained in blisters (30) in a sheet has a piercer (62) acting on the blisters as they are sequentially positioned, a delivery channel (82) and an air intake (28). The sheet is formed as a strip with aligned blisters and in piercing position a blister is interposed between the delivery channel and a coaxial channel (22) connecting it to the air intake.

A coaxial cup (46) is located in the connection channel proximate the end adjacent to the blister, with the cup concavity facing the blister and the cup having smaller dimensions than the connection channel adjacent to the cup. The cup pref. has a capacity substantially greater than the vol. of a dose. The blisters are pref. positioned by a rotatable hollow drum.

ADVANTAGE - Uses a **blister sheet** of min. overall size and is simple and comfortable to use. (9pp Dwg.No.1/3)

Abstract (Equivalent): EP 467172 B

An inhaler (10) of the multiple single-dose type for administering doses of medicament in very fine or micronised powder form, said doses being contained in blisters (30) in a blister sheet (60), the inhaler comprising means (18) for bringing the blisters (30) of a sheet (60) one after another into a piercing position, means blister (62) for piercing the individual blister (30) when in the piercing position, a delivery channel (82) through which the patient exerts the inhalation action, and an air intake (28) which communicates with said delivery channel when a blister has been pierced, the released dose of medicament being removable by the air stream generated by the inhalation, characterised in that the blister sheet (60) is in the form of a strip with the blisters (30) aligned, there being provided a channel (22) of rectilinear axis coaxial with the delivery channel (82) and connecting this latter to the air intake (28), the individual blister (30) when in its piercing position being interposed between the delivery channel (82) and the connection channel (22), within the connection channel (22) in proximity to that end (40) thereof adjacent to the blister when in its piercing position there being provided a cup (22) having smaller dimensions than the dimensions of the connection channel (22) at the position occupied by the cup.

(Dwg.1/3)

Abstract (Equivalent): US 5207217 A

An inhaler for delivering **powdered medicament** doses contained in individual blisters (30) in a sheet (60) brings the blisters successively into position for piercing (62) and in which the powder can be entrained by an inhalation air stream. The sheet is formed as a strip with the blisters aligned, and in the piercing position a blister is located between a delivery channel (82) and a second channel (22) connecting the delivery channel to an air intake. A cup (46) coaxial

with the second channel has its interior facing the blister, and has smaller dimensions than the second channel at the position occupied by the cup.

The capacity of the cup is pref. substantially greater than that of a single dose. The blister feed mechanism is pref. a rotatable hollow drum.

ADVANTAGE - Is simple and comfortable to use and utilises a **blister** sheet of min. size.

Dwg.1/3

Derwent Class: B07; P34

International Patent Class (Main): A61M-015/00

# 21/34/23 (Item 23 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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003955827

WPI Acc No: 1984-101371/198417

# Hand-held inhaler for powder or liq. medical inhalants - which are in

dose sized blisters of circular disc blister pack

Patent Assignee: GLAXO GROUP LTD (GLAX )

Inventor: FITZSIMMONS R A; NEWELL R E; NEWELL R Number of Countries: 021 Number of Patents: 044

Patent Family:

tent No 897946 3336486 2129691 8319977 8303461	Kind A A A	Date 19840409 19840426	BE	olicat No 897946	Kind A	Date 19831007	Week 198417	
3336486 2129691 8319977	А			897946	Α	19831007	100/17	
2129691 8319977		19840426					190411	В
8319977	A		DE	3336486	Α	19831007	198418	
		19840523	GB	8326878	Α	19831007	198421	
8303461	Α	19840412					198422	
0000101	Α	19840501	NL	833461	Α	19831007	198422	
8305542	Α	19840514				•	198422	
	Α	19840430					198424	
	Α						198427	
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	Α						198428	
	Α						198507	
	Α				Α	19831007	198513	
	Α		zA	837318	Α	19830929	198531	
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SE 465752	В	19911028				199146			
AT 8303576	A	19921215	AT 83357	6 A	19831007				
AT 396333	В		AT 83357						
NL 192564	В		NL 83346						
NL 9700002	A	19970602	NL 83346			199727			
			NL 972	А					
DK 9800451	Α	19980331	DK 98451			199843			
DK 172541	В		DK 83464						
DK 173079	В	19991220	DK 98451						
NL 193681	В	20000301	NL 83346	1 A	19831007	200017			
			NL 972	. <b>A</b>					
DE 3348370	C2	20011011	DE 33364	86 A	19831007	200159			
			DE 33483	70 A	19831007	•			
PH 1198329670	В1	20011207	PH 29670	А	19831007	200362			
PH 1199901091	В1	20011207	PH 1091	А	19990511	200382			
Priority Applications (No Type Date): GB 8314307 A 19830524; GB 8228887 A									
19821008; GB 862264 A 19821209									
Patent Details	:								
Patent No Kin	d La	n Pg Maiı	n IPC	Filing Not	ces				
BE 897946	Α	18							
AT 8303576	Α	A61M-0	015/00						
AT 396333	В	A61M-	015/00	Previous I	Publ. patent	: AT 8303576			
NL 192564	В	7 A61M-0	015/06						
NL 9700002	Α	12 A61M-	015/06	Div ex app	plication NI	833461			
DK 9800451	Α	A61M-0	015/00						
	В	A61M-	015/00	Previous 1	Publ. patent	DK 8304643			
DK 173079	В	A61M-	015/00	Previous 1	Publ. patent	DK 9800451			
NL 193681	В	A61J-	001/03	Div ex app	plication NI	833461			
DE 3348370	C2	A61J-	001/00	Div ex app	plication DE	3336486			
				Div ex pat	ent DE 3336	5486			
PH 1198329670	В1	A61M-	015/00						
PH 1199901091	B1	B65D-0	083/04						
Abstract (Basic): GB 2169265 A									

A pack comprising a circular carrier disc which has a plurality of pre-filled, hermetically sealed containers formed integrally therewith and arranged in a circle, each container containing directly, as herein defined, a dose of medicament in the form of a powder; the medicament being suitable for inhalation, each container being puncturable to form a hole on each side thereof to allow in use, air to flow through the container to entrain the powder contained therein.

GB 2129691 A

A device for administering medicaments to patients which comprises a housing with a cylindrical chamber therein; an air inlet into the chamber; a support inside the chamber arranged to support, in use, a carrier provided with a container for medicament or a plurality of containers arranged in a circle; a plunger operable, in use, to engage a container registered therewith to open the container in such a way that air being inhaled by a patient will cause the medicament to be released therefrom while the container remains stationary; means for rotatably indexing, in use, the carrier to register the container, or each of them in turn, with the plunger; and, communicating with the einterior of the chamber, an outlet through which a patient can inhale whereby, in use, medicament will be released from a container and entrained in the airflow produced by the patient so as to pass through the outlet.

DE 3336486 A

An appliance to dispense orally medicine such as Salbutamol and Beclomethaseon-diproportionate in the shape of particles to an asthmatic patient is a shallow cylindrical plastic casing in which a circular blister pack0 of medicine is fitted. A mouthpiece on it is preceded by a perforated plate. A central knurled button is used to turn the blister pack. A hole in the cover permits the insertion of a spring-loaded pin with a sharp leading point which can be pressed down to destroy a blister and spill the contents in a separate compartment just ahead of the perforated plate leading to the mouthpiece.

ADVANTAGE – This does not require the medicine to be packed in separate capsules.

(8pp)

BE 897946 A

Patient can inhale a powder or liq. via mouth or nostril for the treatment of bronchial complaints etc.. The inhaler comprises a shallow, cylindrical box inside which a circular disc **blister** - **pack** of plastic ampoules contg. inhalant is supported to be rotatably coaxially with the box. The ampoules are evenly spaced around a circle centred on the axis of disc rotation.

The **blister** - **pack** is rotated by a plate which sits on top of the pack, engaging each ampoule in a hole in the plate. The plate has an axial button projecting through the lid of the box for turning the plate and **blister** - **pack**. The plate has register catches on a pitch circle to locate the plate with each ampoule in turn beneath a spring-loaded plunger which can be depressed to break open the ampoule. Once the inhalant is released, the patient sucks or inhales by nostril from a box outlet pipe.

The ampoules are much more stable and have greater shelf life than gelatin capsules, previously used to contain inhalants. The **blister** - **packs** are inexpensive to make and easy to store. Several packs can be carried in a false bottom of the inhaler.

1/5

Abstract (Equivalent): GB 2169265 B

A pack comprising a circular carrier disc which has a plurality of pre-filled, hermetically sealed containers formed integrally therewith and arranged in a circle, each container containing directly, as herein defined, a dose of medicament in the form of a powder; the medicament being suitable for inhalation, each container being puncturable to form a hole on each side thereof to allow in use, air to flow through the container to entrain the powder contained therein.

Abstract (Equivalent): US 4778054 A

Container for storing pharmaceuticals comprises a short cylindrical box in which a number of pre-filled, hermetically sealed, conical vessels are mounted, each vessel contg. an inhalable pharmaceutical compsn. (unit dose). The cover of the box is provided with holes, such that on rotation or depression of the cover, a vessel contg. the pharmaceutical compsns. becomes accessible.

 $\,$  USE - The prods. are convenient means of storing pharmaceutical compsns.

(11pp)

US 4627432 A

Device for administering medicaments in containers arranged around a circular carrier comprises a housing in which a circular disc having apertures aligned with the containers is located.

A plunger connected to the housing puctures a container which

February 10, 2004 aligned to release the contents which are entrained in the airflow for inhalation. ADVANTAGE - Capsules are not needed. (7pp) Derwent Class: B07; P33; P34; Q34 International Patent Class (Main): A61J-001/00; A61J-001/03; A61M-015/00; A61M-015/06 ; B65D-083/04 International Patent Class (Additional): A61J-007/00; A61K-009/00; A61K-031/57; A61M-011/00; A61M-013/00; B65D-075/36; B65D-085/56 22/26,TI/1 (Item 1 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 015404145 WPI Acc No: 2003-466285/200344 Internal punch for opening chamber in blister - pack container comprises free floating flexible ejector punch 22/26,TI/3 (Item 3 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 014918907 WPI Acc No: 2002-739614/200280 Medication dispenser for use with medication carrier/inhaler, uses annular cutter that extends downwardly from interior surface of flexible dome towards frangible lower membrane (Item 4 from file: 350) 22/26,TI/4 DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 014277331 WPI Acc No: 2002-098033/200213 Transferring defined quantity of powder into a blister pack for use in inhalation device, comprises dipping tube into compacted target area of powder to fill the tube with defined volume of powder, and transferring powder 22/26,TI/5 (Item 5 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 014074644 WPI Acc No: 2001-558857/200163 Scales for weighing blister packs containing powder in the microgram range (Item 6 from file: 350) 22/26,TI/6 DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 013547797 WPI Acc No: 2001-032003/200104 Apparatus for use to distribute powdered medicament comprises a movable blade that presents a forward acute angle to a linear path on a powder bed (Item 7 from file: 350) 22/26,TI/7 DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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011236733

WPI Acc No: 1997-214636/199720

Appts. for metering pharmaceuticals into containers moved along conveyor - has dispenser with nozzles for receiving pharmaceutical from hopper and delivering into containers

22/26,TI/8 (Item 8 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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008954714

WPI Acc No: 1992-081983/199211

Filling blind cavities with powder - by immersing cavity, open side down, into powder reservoir and withdrawing with powder filling

22/26,TI/9 (Item 9 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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008353638

WPI Acc No: 1990-240639/199032

Slowly rotating distributor plate delivers metered solids - into containers or blister cells on fixed support

22/34/2 (Item 2 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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015340432 \*\*Image available\*\*

WPI Acc No: 2003-401370/200338

Method of packaging e.g. pharmaceutical powder for inhalation therapy, comprises providing channel for transporting powder aerosol, moving linear array of packages adjacent the channel, and precipitating the substance in packages

Patent Assignee: FOTLAND R A (FOTL-I)

Inventor: FOTLAND R A

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 002

Patent Family:

US 6588457

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 20020179176 A1 20021205 US 2001294474 P 20010530 200338 B
US 2002157074 A 20020529

B2 20030708 US 2001294474 P 20010530 200353

US 2002157074 A 20020529

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2001294474 P 20010530; US 2002157074 A 20020529

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 20020179176 Al 9 B65B-001/04 Provisional application US 2001294474 US 6588457 B2 B65B-001/04 Provisional application US 2001294474

Abstract (Basic): US 20020179176 A1

NOVELTY - New method of packaging small measures of finely divided substance comprises:

- (1) forming an aerosol of the substance;
- (2) providing a channel for transporting the aerosol and a line of packages arranged to move in closed cycle;
- (3) moving the linear array of packages so that each package passes adjacent the open side channel region; and
- (4) precipitating the substance in the packages as they pass the channel.

USE - The method is for packaging small measures of substance, e.g. pharmaceutical powder for inhalation therapy (claimed).

ADVANTAGE - The inventive method has very high unit-dose production rate, accurate dose mass, minimizes package substrate contamination from charge generator, eliminates electrostatic forces tending to agglomerate powder in the package, is easily modeled, and adaptable to wide range of powders and substrates.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows a schematic view of time division sampler filling apparatus for carrying out the inventive method.

pp; 9 DwgNo 1/3

Technology Focus:

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - INSTRUMENTATION AND TESTING - Preferred Component: The substance consists of liquid droplets.

The packages comprise blister packs .

The packages are mounted on the turntable that rotates to move the packages, or to an endless belt.

Preferred Property: The velocity of the packages is approximately equal to that of the aerosol moving through the channel.

The substance is suspended in nitrogen gas.

Preferred Method: The method preferably involves introducing the powder into an enclosed chamber, providing a controlled flow rate of gas, dispersing the fine powder into the gas to form an aerosol, moving the aerosol through a deposition zone, providing the endless array of packages while traversing the deposition zone, adjusting process parameters, recycling the packages until all known weight of the fine powder is deposited in the packages, and removing filled packages from the deposition zone.

Precipitation occurs by gravitational forces, electrostatic forces, or is affected by two stage electrostatic precipitator.

Deposition occurs through gravitational settling

Derwent Class: B07; Q31

International Patent Class (Main): B65B-001/04

#### 25/26,TI/3 (Item 3 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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014004637

WPI Acc No: 2001-488851/200153

Dry powder inhaler for delivering drugs into patient's lungs to treat e.g. bronchial asthma, includes a dispersion chamber comprising beads

#### 25/26,TI/4 (Item 4 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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013360932

WPI Acc No: 2000-532871/200048

Pressurized air inhaler for administering drug -containing liposomal powder aerosol for treatment of respiratory disease, has nebulization chamber for drying aqueous liposome suspension

# 25/26,TI/5 (Item 5 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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012712110

WPI Acc No: 1999-518223/199943

# Measuring dose of powdered medicament for inhalation

25/26,TI/7 (Item 7 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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010552483

WPI Acc No: 1996-049436/199605

Inhaler using patient's breath for delivery of medication - inserted in inhaler in packet having holes for powder exit

25/26,TI/8 (Item 8 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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008517985

WPI Acc No: 1991-022069/199103

Pulveriser breaking agglomerates in inhalation medicament powder - is vortex chamber with tangential inlet for use with conventional inhaler

25/26,TI/9 (Item 1 from file: 347)

DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

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05156857

MULTIPLE CYLINDER MECHANISM FOR UNSEALING **POWDER MEDICINE** CAPSULE AND FOR INJECTING THIS CAPSULE INTO CELOM AND KIT MOUNTED WITH VESSEL FOR GAS FOR PNEUMATIC FEEDING

London WC1N 2LS, (GB)

Serial 09/731318 February 10, 2004

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File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-2004/Feb W01
File 349:PCT FULLTEXT 1979-2002/UB=20040205,UT=20040129
        Items
                Description
S1
       214193
                POWDER??
                MEDICAMENT? OR MEDICATION? OR MEDICINE
S2
       117344
       129399
                DRUG OR DRUGS
s3
S4
       151308
                PHARMACEUTICAL? ?
                (BLISTER OR BUBBLE) () (PACK? ? OR PACKET? ? OR PAK? ? OR SH-
S5
         3102
             EET? ?)
                RECEPTACLE? ? OR CONTAINER? ? OR HOLDER? ?
       284990
S6
       898735
                BOTTOM? ? OR UNDERSIDE? ? OR UNDER()SIDE? ? OR BASE OR BAS-
$7
             ES
       317474
                CONVEX OR CONCAVE OR RAISED OR INDENTED OR ELEVATED
S8
                BOWED OR ARCUATE? ? OR ARCUAL OR ARCIFORM OR ARC OR ARCLIKE
       119155
S9
              OR ARCHED OR BOWLIKE
S10
        86485
                INVERTED OR EVERTED
                IC=(A61M OR A61L-009/04 OR A61K-000 OR A61K-009)
S11
        54214
S12
         6352
                S1(5N)S2:S4
S13
          109
                S12(S)S5
          708
                S12(S)S6 NOT S13
S14
        21648
                S7(5N)S8:S10
S15
S16
            2
                S13(S)S15
S17
            2
                S11 AND S16
S18
            2
                S14(S)S15 AND S11
            2
                S18 NOT S17
S19
S20
            2
                S14(S)S15
S21
       451130
                S8:S10
S22
            8
                S13(S)S21
S23
            6
                S22 NOT S16
                S14(S)S21
S24
           46
S25
           44
                S24 NOT (S18 OR S22)
S26
           21
                S11 AND S25
S27
           23
                S25 NOT S26
 17/6/2
            (Item 2 from file: 348)
DIALOG(R) File 348: (c) 2004 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.
01200385
INHALATION DEVICE
                (Item 2 from file: 348)
 17/3,AB,K/2
DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2004 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.
01200385
INHALATION DEVICE
INHALATIONSAPPARAT
DISPOSITIF D'INHALATION
PATENT ASSIGNEE:
  AstraZeneca AB, (699188), , 151 85 Sodertalje, (SE), (Proprietor
    designated states: all)
INVENTOR:
  VON SCHUCKMANN, Alfred, Winnekendonker Strasse 52, D-47627 Kevelaer, (DE)
  ULLBRAND, Bjorn, Astra Draco AB P.O. Box 24, S-221 00 Lund, (SE)
  SELMER, Anders, Astra Draco AB P.O. Box 24, S-221 00 Lund, (SE)
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:
  Shackleton, Nicola et al (60622), Page White & Farrer 54 Doughty Street,
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Serial 09/731318
February 10, 2004
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PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 1042027 A2 001011 (Basic)
                              EP 1042027 B1 031203
                              WO 99031952 990701
APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 98967005 981222; WO 98EP8456 981222
PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): DE 19757207 971222; DE 19757208 971222
DESIGNATED STATES: AT; BE; CH; CY; DE; DK; ES; FI; FR; GB; GR; IE; IT; LI;
  LU; MC; NL; PT; SE
INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: A61M-015/00
ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 9266
NOTE: No A-document published by EPO
LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English
FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:
Available Text Language
                           Update
                                     Word Count
      CLAIMS B (English)
                           200349
                                       615
      CLAIMS B
               (German)
                           200349
                                       553
      CLAIMS B
                           200349
                                       651
               (French)
      SPEC B
                (English) 200349
                                      8135
Total word count - document A
Total word count - document B
                                      9954
Total word count - documents A + B
                                     9954
...SPECIFICATION generally rectangular shape, which includes a plurality of
  blisters 12, each containing a dose of powder containing medicament,
  and an attachment member 13, to which the suction tube 7 is attachable,
  fixed to...
...configured parts of the attachment member 13 as will be described in
 more detail hereinbelow. The
                                bottom wall member 21c of the first
  channel 21 includes a downwardly-directed projection 29 which...
...in position relative to the blister pack element 11 as again will be
  described in more detail hereinbelow. The second channel 23, in this
  embodiment of arcuate section, is elongate and includes...
...includes agroove 35 which extends across the width thereof and along the
  longitudinal axis of the blister pack element 11.
    The blister pack element 11 further comprises a thin film 37, in this...
 19/3,AB,K/1
                 (Item 1 from file: 348)
DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2004 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.
01392170
POWDER MEDICINE MULTIPLE DOSE ADMINISTRATION DEVICE
VORRICHTUNG ZUR VERABREICHUNG VON MELERFACHEN PULVERMEDIZINDOSEN
DISPOSITIF D'ADMINISTRATION DE DOSES DE POUDRE MEDICALE MULTIPLES
PATENT ASSIGNEE:
  TEIJIN LIMITED, (212524), 6-7, Minamihonmachi 1-chome Chuo-ku, Osaka-shi
    Osaka 541-0054, (JP), (Applicant designated States: all)
INVENTOR:
  MATSUGI, Hideo, C/O TEIJIN LIMITED, Tokyo Research Center, 3-2,
    Asahigaoka 4-chome, Hino-shi, Tokyo 191-0065, (JP)
  DOHI, Masahiko, C/O TEIJIN LIMITED, Iwakuni Factory, 2-1, Hinodecho,
    Iwakuni-shi, Yamaguchi 740-0014, (JP)
  UEJIMA, Yasuhide, C/O TEIJIN LIMITED, Tokyo Research Center, 3-2,
    Asahigaoka 4-chome, Hino-shi, Tokyo 191-0065, (JP)
  MAKINO, Yuji, C/O TEIJIN LIMITED, Iwakuni Factory, 2-1, Hinodecho,
    Iwakuni-shi, Yamaguchi 740-0014, (JP)
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:
  Hallybone, Huw George et al (53031), Carpmaels and Ransford, 43
```

Bloomsbury Square, London WC1A 2RA, (GB)

A powdered medicine multi-dose administering device in which a hole (5c) is formed in the bottom surface of a medicine storage chamber (5a) capable of storing a powdered medicine of an amount of many times of administering operation, the hole (5c) being located at a position where a pump unit can be communicated with the exterior via a pipe (2g, 2d). At the administering position, the powdered medicine in a medicine container unit (5b) is injected out of the device together with the air through the pipe, while the hole is kept away from being brought into contact with opening means (2f).

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 103

NOTE: Figure number on first page: 1

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; Japanese FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

Available Text Language Update Word Count
CLAIMS A (English) 200311 2156
SPEC A (English) 200311 10960
Total word count - document A 13116
Total word count - document B 0
Total word count - documents A + B 13116

- ...SPECIFICATION the center of the bottom surface of the device body. Here, the required amount of **powdered medicine** is introduced into the **medicine** storage chamber (5a) in the device body (1). Then, the closure (4) is intimately adhered...
- ...assembling, the protuberance (4a) of the closure (4) is inserted in one end of an **arcuate** hole (13d) in the **bottom** surface of the rotary spray metering change-over device (13). Next, the pump unit (3...that it can be easily carried.

The administering device of the present invention has the **arcuate** hole (13d) formed in the **bottom** surface of the cylindrical portion of a large diameter of the rotary spray metering change...the device body (1) enabling the medicine container chamber (5b) to be filled with the **powdered medicine** and, besides, when the hole (5c) in the bottom surface of the medicine storage unit...

- ...of the administration device, so that a decreased pneumatic pressure is applied into the medicine **container** chamber (5b) from the pump (3) and that the **powdered medicine** is filled maintaining a high accuracy. When the protuberance arrives at the extreme end of...
- ...opposite side, the pipe (2g) of the medicine guiding unit (2) is connected to the medicine container chamber (5b), and the powdery medicine in the medicine container chamber (5b) becomes ready to be sprayed with an easy operation. When a charging position...was set to be 115 degrees to be corresponded to the angle (y) of the arcuate hole (5c) formed in the bottom surface of the medicine storage unit (5). The angle ((alpha)) of the inclined surface (2i...
- ...made of polyethylene. The medicine storage unit (5) was filled with 1000 mg of the **powdered medicine** having a particle diameter of 38 to 150 (mu)m. The closure unit (4) was...

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(Item 2 from file: 348)
 19/3,AB,K/2
DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2004 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.
01189383
DEVICE AND METHOD FOR FEEDING A CONSTANT AMOUNT OF POWDER BODY
GERAT UND VERFAHREN ZUR VERABREICHUNG EINER KONSTANTEN PULVERMENGE
DISPOSITIF ET PROCEDE SERVANT A ADMINISTRER UNE QUANTITE CONSTANTE DE
   POUDRE
PATENT ASSIGNEE:
  TEIJIN LIMITED, (212524), 6-7, Minamihonmachi 1-chome Chuo-ku, Osaka-shi .
    Osaka 541-0054, (JP), (Applicant designated States: all)
INVENTOR:
 MATSUGI, Hideo Teijin Limited, Tokyo Research Ctr., 3-2, Asahigaoka
    4-chome, Hino-shi, Tokyo 191-006 5, (JP)
 MAKINO, Yuji Teijin Limited, Tokyo Research Ctr., 3-2, Asahigaoka 4-chome
    , Hino-shi, Tokyo 191-0065, (JP)
  DOHI, Masahiko Teijin Limited, Tokyo Research Ctr., 3-2, Asahigaoka
    4-chome, Hino-shi, Tokyo 191-0065, (JP)
  UEJIMA, Yasuhide Teijin Ltd., Tokyo Research Ctr., 3-2, Asahigaoka
    4-chome, Hino-shi, Tokyo 191-0065, (JP)
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:
  Hallybone, Huw George et al (53031), CARPMAELS AND RANSFORD 43 Bloomsbury
    Square, London WC1A 2RA, (GB)
PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 1066849 A1 010110 (Basic)
                              WO 0041755 000720
APPLICATION (CC, No, Date):
                              EP 900396 000114; WO 00JP156 000114
PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): JP 997863 990114
DESIGNATED STATES: AT; BE; CH; CY; DE; DK; ES; FI; FR; GB; GR; IE; IT; LI;
 LU; MC; NL; PT; SE
EXTENDED DESIGNATED STATES: AL; LT; LV; MK; RO; SI
INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: A61M-013/00
ABSTRACT EP 1066849 A1
   A powdered medicine multi-dose administering device has a medicine
  container unit (5b) for containing a unit-dose of medicine under the
  lower surface of the medicine storage chamber (5a) storing the medicine
  in a multi-dose amount. A medicine guiding unit (2) moves between a
  filling position and an administering position while maintaining a
  contact with the bottom surface. At the filling position, the medicine
  container unit is opened to the medicine storage chamber and is filled
 with the medicine. As the medicine container unit moves from the filling
 position to the administering position, the powdered medicine in the
 medicine container unit is swept and metered. At the administering
 position, the medicine in the medicine container unit is injected by the
 action of the pump unit (3) through a filter (6) and a pipe (2g, 2d, 2c).
ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 136
NOTE: Figure number on first page: 1
LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; Japanese
FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:
                                     Word Count
Available Text Language
                           Update
      CLAIMS A (English)
                                      2034
                           200102
      SPEC A
               (English)
                          200102
                                     10093
Total word count - document A
                                     12127
Total word count - document B
Total word count - documents A + B. 12127
... SPECIFICATION 2) is inserted in the medicine storage unit (5) at such a
```

position that the **arcuate** groove (12) formed in the **bottom** surface (2e) of the medicine guiding unit is fitted to the protuberance (7) formed on...

...protuberance (8) at the center of the bottom surface of the device body. Here, the **powdered medicine** of an amount required for many times of administration operation is introduced into the medicine...that it can be easily carried.

The administering device of the present invention has the **arcuate** groove (12) formed in the **bottom** surface (2e) of the medicine guiding unit (2), has the protuberance (7) formed on the...

...of the groove (12) so that the medicine container chamber (5b) is filled with the **powdered medicine**, and enables the pipe (2g) of the medicine guiding unit (2) to be connected to the medicine **container** chamber (5b) when the protuberance arrives at the extreme end of the groove (12) on the opposite side so that the **powdered medicine** in the **medicine container** chamber (5b) is ready to be sprayed. When a charging position is marked at an...

23/6/1 (Item 1 from file: 348)

01288594

Inhalant medicator

23/6/2 (Item 2 from file: 348)

00834175

INHALER FOR ADMINISTERING MEDICAMENTS FROM BLISTER PACKS

23/6/4 (Item 2 from file: 349)

00544829

3-METHYLIDENYL-2-INDOLINONE MODULATORS OF PROTEIN KINASE

23/6/6 (Item 4 from file: 349)

00310040 \*\*Image available\*\*

DRY POWDER INHALER

23/3,AB,K/3 (Item 1 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT

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00758288

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR DISTRIBUTING POWDER

PROCEDE ET APPAREIL DE DISTRIBUTION DE POUDRE

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

GLAXO GROUP LIMITED, Glaxo Wellcome House, Berkeley Avenue, Greenford, Middlesex UB6 ONN, GB, GB (Residence), GB (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US)

Patent Applicant/Inventor:

WILSON Alan Anthony, Glaxo Wellcome plc, Park Road, Ware, Hertfordshire SG12 ODP, GB, GB (Residence), GB (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

PIKE Marcus Edward, Glaxo Wellcome plc, Priory Street, Ware, Hertfordshire SG12 ODJ, GB, GB (Residence), GB (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

Legal Representative:

PIKE Christopher Gerard, Pike & Co., Hayes Loft, 68A Hayes Place, Marlow, Buckinghamshire SL7 2BT, GB

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200071424 A1 20001130 (WO 0071424)

Application: WO 2000EP4500 20000518 (PCT/WO EP0004500)

Priority Application: GB 9911770 19990521

Designated States: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW

- (EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
- (OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG
- (AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW
- (EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 5677

English Abstract

There is provided an apparatus for densifying, preparing or levelling powdered medicament which comprises a powder bed (30); and a blade (40) movable relative to the powder bed on a linear path, wherein said blade presents a forward acute angle to said linear path.

Fulltext Availability: Claims

Claim

... to preparing, levelling or densifying a powder bed ready for measuring and removing doses of **powdered medicament** for transfer to a container such as a blister pocket of a **blister pack**.

Background to the invention

Powder beds containing a reservoir of excess powder are commonly used in the filling of containers, such as blister pockets, with defined doses of powdered medicament. Prior art filling systems often use a bowl which is either static or rotatable around...

- ...levelled powder is then ready for the measuring and removal of the defined doses of **powdered medicament** from the **powder** bed and the doses are then transferred to the container. The use of a blade...
- ...According to the present invention there is provided an apparatus for densifying,

preparing or levelling powdered medicament comprising:

- a) powder bed; and
- b) a blade movable relative to the powder bed on a linear path, wherein said blade presents a forward acute angle to said linear path. The **powdered medicament** may comprise **drug** alone or the drug together with an excipient. The blade may move across a static...
- ...from the point that would form the mid point of the circle created if the **arc** of the curve were extended so that the two ends of the curved blade are...
- ...movement of the blade relative to the powder bed exerts a compressive force on said **powdered medicament**.
  - Preferably, the blade material is selected from the group consisting of pharmaceutical grade metallic materials...
- ...longer than the time taken for multiple blades to act. Preferably, the apparatus further comprises **powdered medicament** located on the powderbed. Preferably, the **powdered medicament** comprises a **drug**. Preferably, the drug is selected from the group consisting of albuterol, salmeterol, fluticasone propionate and...
- ...any mixtures thereof. A particularly preferred combination comprises salmeterol xinafoate and fluticasone propionate. Preferably, the powdered medicament additionally comprises an excipient. Preferably, the excipient is a sugar. A suitable sugar is lactose. The invention also provides a method of densifying, preparing or levelling powdered

#### medicament comprising

- a) locating powdered medicament on a powder bed; and
- b) moving a blade relative to said powder bed on a linear path such that said blade moves through the owdered medicament,
- wherein the blade presents a forward acute angle to said linear path. The **powdered medicament** may comprise **drug** alone or the drug together with an excipient. The blade may move across a static...
- ...from the point that would form the mid point of the circle created if the arc of the curve were extended so that the two ends of the curved blade are...
- ...movement of the blade relative to the powder bed exerts a compressive force on the **powdered medicament**.
  - Preferably, the blade material is selected from the group consisting of pharmaceutical grade metallic materials and non-metallic materials. The preferred material is **pharmaceutical** grade stainless steel. Preferably, the **powder** is distributable by at least one subsequent blade.
  - Preferably, the at least one subsequent blade...
- ...passes may be longer than the time taken for multiple blades to act. Preferably, the **powdered medicament** comprises a **drug**. Preferably, the drug is selected from the group consisting of albuterol, salmeterol, fluticasone propionate and...
- ...any mixtures thereof. A particularly preferred combination comprises salmeterol xinafoate and fluticasone propionate. Preferably, the **powdered medicament** additionally comprises an excipient. Preferably, the excipient is a sugar. A suitable sugar is lactose...
- ...the invention, the apparatus may be used for densifying, preparing or levelling a sample of **powdered medicament**.

  Brief Description of the Drawings
  - The invention will now be described with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:
  - Figure 1 shows an apparatus for densifying, levelling and preparing powdered medicament in accord with the present invention;
    Figure 2 shows an alternative apparatus in accord with...
- ...Detailed Description of the Drawings
  - Figure 1 shows an apparatus for densifying, levelling and preparing **powdered medicament** in accord with the present invention. A perforated plate 10 in contact with a blanking...
- ...perforated plate 10 to the blanking plate 20 is a reservoir of powder 30. The **powder** 30 comprises a suitable **medicament** formulation. Situated above the **powder** reservoir is blade 40 and wiper blade 50. The blade may be seen to have...1 1 0 to the blanking plate 120 is a reservoir of powder 130. The **powder** 130 comprises a suitable **medicament** formulation. Situated above the **powder** reservoir are blades 140, 142. The blades 140, 142 are shown with a long tail...
- ...perforated plate 210 to the blanking plate 220 is a reservoir of powder 230. The **powder** 230 comprises a suitable **medicament** formulation. Situated above the **powder** reservoir are blades 240, 242.
  - The blades 240, 242 are similar to the blade shown...then be moved to the far side of the powder bed 317, turned around and **raised** slightly so that they can then move back across the powder bed 317 and re...
- ...may then be moved to the far side of the powder bed, turned around and raised slightly so that it can then move back across the powder bed and re-lay...
- ...for preparing, levelling and densifying a powder bed ready for measuring and removing doses of **powdered medicament** for transfer to a

February 10, 2004 1 0 suitable container and is particularly suitable for powdered medicament used in the treatment of respiratory disorders. Appropriate medicaments may thus be selected from, for... ...or more of the following claims: 12 Claims An apparatus for densifying, preparing or levelling powdered medicament comprising: a) a powder bed; and b) a blade movable relative to the powder bed on a linear path... 23/3,AB,K/5 (Item 3 from file: 349) DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT (c) 2004 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv. 00316182 IMPROVED INHALER AND MEDICATED PACKAGE INHALATEUR ET EMBALLAGE PERFECTIONNES POUR MEDICAMENTS Patent Applicant/Assignee: MECIKALSKI Mark B, Inventor(s): MECIKALSKI Mark B, Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date): Patent: WO 9534337 A1 19951221 Application: WO 95US8485 19950609 (PCT/WO US9508485) Priority Application: US 94258743 19940610 Designated States: AU CA CN JP AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE Publication Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 3777 English Abstract An improved inhaler and medicated packet which uses a patient's breath to send powdered medication into the oral cavity of the patient. The inhaler is reusable and controls both the rate of airflow inside the chamber and prevents the patient from blowing into the inhaler (9). Disposable medicated packets (20) are inserted into the inhaler (9). These medicated packets (20) have preformed holes (21a and 21b) which pass air through the packet (20) and entrain the medication (23). One

inhaler can be used numerous times for numerous different types of medication. These medicated packets (20) have a removable, protective layer to maintain the sterility and dryness of the measured dose of medication. In operation, the medication is transported from the packet (20), through the inhaler (9), and into the patient. The medicated packets are transparent on one side to allow the patient to observe if the medication has been completely delivered.

Fulltext Availability: Claims Claim

- ... The blister packet according to claim 23 wherein said blister portion is transparent.
  - 26 A blister packet , insertable into an apparatus having an essentially cylindrical body member containing a slot located in said body member, a mouthpiece located at a first end of said body member, said blister packet for containing and delivering a measured dose of a powdered medication to a patient comprising:
  - a) an essentially flat portion having at least two holes therein;
  - b) a raised blister portion attached to said flat portion and forming

ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan Serial 09/731318 February 10, 2004 an envelope therebetween; c) powdered medication contained in said envelope; and, d) a removable layer affixed to said flat portion and... 26/6/2 (Item 2 from file: 348) 01059284 IMPROVEMENTS IN MEDICAMENTS FOR ASTHMA TREATMENT (Item 3 from file: 348) 26/6/3 00742977 METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR LOADING CONTAINERS OF PARTICULATE MATERIAL 26/6/4 (Item 4 from file: 348) 00742975 DEVICE FOR ADMINISTERING SINGLE DOSES OF A MEDICAMENT 26/6/5 (Item 5 from file: 348) 00708413 POWDER INHALATOR 26/6/8 (Item 2 from file: 349) 01064329 \*\*Image available\*\* ORAL DOSAGE FORMS COMPRISING FENOFIBRATE 26/6/10 (Item 4 from file: 349) 01048290 \*\*Image available\*\* DRY POWDER INHALER 26/6/11 (Item 5 from file: 349) 00981942 \*\*Image available\*\* AUTOPERFORATION CARTRIDGE FOR DRY POWERED INHALATIONS 26/6/17 (Item 11 from file: 349) 00378248 \*\*Image available\*\* FILLING CONTAINERS WITH PARTICULATE MATERIAL 26/6/19 (Item 13 from file: 349) 00313085 POWDER INHALER 26/6/20 (Item 14 from file: 349) 00298332 \*\*Image available\*\* POWDER INHALATOR 26/6/21 (Item 15 from file: 349) 00109270 POWDER INHALATION DEVICE 26/3,AB,K/6 (Item 6 from file: 348) DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS (c) 2004 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.

00602964

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

A combined syringe-container Kombinierter Spritzenbehalter Recipient de seringne combine

```
February 10, 2004
  DAIKYO SEIKO, LTD., (1719190), 38-2, Sumida 3-chome, Sumida-ku, Tokyo,
    (JP), (applicant designated states:
   AT; BE; CH; DE; DK; ES; FR; GB; GR; IE; IT; LI; LU; MC; NL; PT; SE)
INVENTOR:
  Sudo, Morihiro, 32-7, Sumida 3-chome, Sumida-ku, Tokyo, (JP)
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:
  Baverstock, Michael George Douglas et al (28131), BOULT WADE TENNANT, 27
    Furnival Street, London EC4A 1PQ, (GB)
PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 599649 A1 940601 (Basic)
                              EP 599649 B1 980923
APPLICATION (CC, No, Date):
                              EP 93309430 931125;
PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): JP 92318583 921127; JP 93212949 930827
DESIGNATED STATES: AT; BE; CH; DE; DK; ES; FR; GB; GR; IE; IT; LI; LU; MC;
  NL; PT; SE
INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: A61M-005/19; A61M-005/28; A61M-005/315;
  A61M-005/31
ABSTRACT EP 599649 A1
   An improved combined syringe/container (1) is provided which can be
  used in any step of preparation of a medicament by vacuum freeze-drying,
  etc., storage of a medicament, mixing of medicaments and dosing of a
 medicament in sanitary and stable manner. The combined syringe/container
  (1) comprises a cylinder (2) having a front end part (3) at one end and
  an opening part (5) at another end and a bypass (11) running in the
  longitudinal direction near the central position of the cylinder (2) on
  the inner wall within the cylinder, a first sealing stopper (8) adapted
  at a position toward the opening part (5) of the cylinder (2) from the
 bypass (11) within the cylinder (2) to form a first compartment (7)
 between the front end (3) of the cylinder (2) and the first sealing
  stopper (8) and a second sealing stopper (10) adapted at a position
  toward the opening part (5) of the cylinder (2) from the first sealing
  stopper (8) within the cylinder (2) to form a second compartment (9)
 between the first sealing stopper (8) and second sealing stopper (10),
  characterized in that one or more bypasses (11) are provided in a concave
  form on the inner wall surface of the cylinder and the outer
  circumference of the cylinder (2) has a smooth cylindrical shape, or in
  that one or more bypasses (11,14) are provided in a concave form in two
  stages on the inner wall surface of the cylinder (2). (see image in
  original document) (see image in original document)
ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 255
LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English
FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:
Available Text Language
                           Update
                                     Word Count
     CLAIMS B (English)
                           9839
                                       301
     CLAIMS B
                           9839
                                       307
                 (German)
     CLAIMS B
                           9839
                 (French)
                                       302
                (English)
      SPEC B
                           9839
                                      3848
Total word count - document A
                                         0
Total word count - document B
                                      4758
Total word count - documents A + B
                                      4758
... SPECIFICATION first bypass 11 and to enter the first compartment 7 and
 mix with a concentrated medicament or powdered medicament
 prepare a liquid medicament diluted to be dispensed.
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At this time, the double-headed needle 16 is penetrated through...

26/3,AB,K/7 (Item 1 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

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DRY POWDER INHALERS, RELATED BLISTER DEVICES, AND ASSOCIATED METHODS OF DISPENSING DRY POWDER SUBSTANCES AND FABRICATING BLISTER PACKAGES

INHALATEURS DE POUDRE SECHE, DISPOSITIFS A EMBALLAGE-COQUE CORRESPONDANTS ET PROCEDES CORRESPONDANTS DE DISTRIBUTION DE POUDRE SECHE ET DE FABRICATION D'EMBALLAGES-COQUES

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

ORIEL THERAPEUTICS INC, 630 Davis Drive, Suite 120, Durham, NC 27713, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US)

Patent Applicant/Inventor:

CROWDER Timothy M, 1205 Hillsborough Road, Chapel Hill, NC 27516, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

HICKEY Anthony J, 1208 Killington Court, Chapel Hill, NC 27514, US, US (Residence), GB (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

WARDEN Jeffrey A, 78001 Stokes, Chapel Hill, NC 27517, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

Legal Representative:

MYERS BIGEL SIBLEY & SAJOVEC P A (agent), P.O. Box 37428, Raleigh, NC 27627, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent:

WO 200395010 A2 20031120 (WO 0395010)

Application:

WO 2003US14619 20030508 (PCT/WO US0314619)

Priority Application: US 2002379521 20020510; US 2002392671 20020627; US 2003440513 20030116

Designated States: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NI NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW (EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IT LU MC NL PT RO SE SI SK TR

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

(AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

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Fulltext Word Count: 18994

English Abstract

THE PRESENT INVENTION INCLUDES DRY POWDER INHALERS AND ASSOCIATED MULTI-DOSE DRY POWDER PACKAGES FOR HOLDING INHALANT FORMULATED DRY POWDER SUBSTANCES. THE MULTI-DOSE PACKAGE (100) COMPRISES AT LEAST ONE THIN PIEZOELECTRIC POLYMER MATERIAL LAYER (28) DEFINING AT LEAST A PORTION OF A PLURALITY OF SPATIALLY SEPARATED DISCRETE ELONGATE DRY POWDER CHANNELS (101) HAVING AN ASSOCIATED LENGTH, WIDTH AND HEIGHT; AND A METALLIC MATERIAL (100M) ATTACHED TO SELECTED PORTIONS OF THE PIEZOELECTRIC POLYMER MATERIAL (28) INCLUDING EACH OF THE REGIONS CORRESPONDING TO THE ELONGATE DRY POWDER CHANNELS (101) TO, IN OPERATION, DEFINE ACTIVE ENERGY RELEASING VIBRATORY CHANNELS. IN OPERATION, THE ELONGATE CHANNELS CAN BE SELECTIVELY INDIVIDUALLY ACTIVATED TO VIBRATE UPON EXPOSURE TO AN ELECTRICAL INPUT. THE DRY POWDER INHALER (10) INCLUDES AN ELONGATE BODY (10B) HAVING OPPOSING FIRST AND SECOND OUTER PRIMARY SURFACES (11, 12) WITH A CAVITY (10C) THEREBETWEEN AND A MULTI-DOSE SEALED BLISTER PACKAGE (100) LOCATED IN THE SAID CAVITY (10C). THE INHALER (10) ALSO INCLUDES A COVER MEMBER (15) THAT IS PIVOTABLY ATTACHED TO THE ELONGATE BODY (10B). Main International Patent Class: A61M-015/00

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

26/3,AB,K/9 (Item 3 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT

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01061236

MEDICAMENT DISPENSER

DISTRIBUTEUR DE MEDICAMENT

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

GLAXO GROUP LIMITED, GlaxoSmithKline, 980 Great West Road, Brentford, Middlesex TW8 9GS, GB, GB (Residence), GB (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US)

Patent Applicant/Inventor:

ANDERSON Gregor John McLennan, GlaxoSmithKline, Park Road, Ware, Hertfordshire SG12 ODP, GB, GB (Residence), GB (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

FARR Philip William, GlaxoSmithKline, Park Road, Ware, Hertfordshire SG12 ODP, GB, GB (Residence), GB (Nationality), (Designated only for: US) KELLY Andrew Michael, GlaxoSmithKline, Park Road, Ware, Hertfordshire SG12 ODP, GB, GB (Residence), GB (Nationality), (Designated only for: US) Legal Representative:

RICE Jason Neale (agent), GlaxoSmithKline, 980 Great West Road, Brentford, Middlesex TW8 9GS, GB,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200390825 A1 20031106 (WO 0390825)

Application: WO 2003EP4403 20030424 (PCT/WO EP0304403)

Priority Application: GB 20029526 20020426

Designated States: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NI NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW (EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IT LU MC NL PT RO SE

- (OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG
- (AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW
- (EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English

Fulltext Word Count: 12232

English Abstract

There is provided a medicament dispenser for use with a medicament carrier (120) having a plurality of pockets (126) for containing medicament wherein said pockets (126) are spaced along the length of and defined between two peelable sheets (122, 124) secured to each other. The dispenser has an opening mechanism for opening received pockets (126) of the medicament carrier. The mechanism includes an indexer for indexing pockets of a medicament carrier (120) in use with said medicament dispenser. The indexer comprises an index ratchet (140), which is moveable between a locked position in which said ratchet (140) locks a lid driver (130) and a release position in which the ratchet releases the lid driver (130). Actuation of the medicament dispenser releases the index ratchet (140) from the lid driver to enable drivable peeling of the lid sheet (122) from the base sheet (124) of the pocket at an opening station (142).

Main International Patent Class: A61M-015/00

Fulltext Availability: Claims

Claim

... dispenser according to any of claims 24 to 38, wherein the cassette additionally comprises a raised portion to fit against the holder. 41 . A medicament dispenser according to any of claims 1 to 39, wherein the medicament is in powdered or solid (e.g. tablet) form. 541. A medicament dispenser according to claim 40, wherein...

# 26/3,AB,K/12 (Item 6 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT

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00872107

#### MEDICAMENT DISPENSER

#### DISTRIBUTEUR DE MEDICAMENTS

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

GLAXO GROUP LIMITED, Glaxo Wellcome House, Berkeley Avenue, Greenford, Middlesex UB6 ONN, GB, GB (Residence), GB (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US)

Patent Applicant/Inventor:

BRAND Peter John, Glaxo Wellcome plc, Park Road, Ware, Herts SG12 ODP, GB, GB (Residence), GB (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)
GODFREY James William, Glaxo Wellcome plc, Park Road, Ware, Herts SG12
ODP, GB, GB (Residence), GB (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)
RAND Paul Kenneth, Glaxo Wellcome plc., Park Road, Ware, Herts SG12 ODP,
GB, GB (Residence), GB (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)
Legal Representative:

PIKE Christopher Gerard (agent), Pike & Co., Hayes Loft, 68A Hayes Place, Marlow, Buckinghamshire SL7 2BT, GB,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent:

WO 200205879 Al 20020124 (WO 0205879)

Application:

WO 2001EP7968 20010711 (PCT/WO EP0107968)

Priority Application: GB 200017301 20000715; GB 200020538 20000822

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(EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

(AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English

Fulltext Word Count: 11162

English Abstract

There is provided a medicament dispenser for use in the storage, presentation and/or dispensing of medicament comprising a body shaped for receipt of a medicament container. In association with the body, there is a first transceiver for transmitting and receiving data. A medicament container is receivable by the body. In association with the medicament container, there is a second transceiver for transmitting and receiving data. Data is transferable in two-way fashion from the first transceiver to the second transceiver. The medicament dispenser may be supplied in kit of parts form.

Main International Patent Class: A61M-015/00 International Patent Class: A61M-005/00 Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description Detailed Description

... aforementioned metering means for metering (e.g. a dose of) medicament therefrom. Where the medicament **container** comprises one or more individual capsules or blisters the release means typically comprises means for rupturing, peeling apart or otherw( **inverted** exclamation mark)se accessing the contents thereof.

Suitably, the medicament is selected from the group...402 in the form of an elongate strip comprising a blister 404 for containment of **powdered** medicament. Whilst for simplicity only one blister 404 is shown (inverted exclamation mark) t will be appreciated that variations coulci comprise multiple blisters (e.g. arranged...

26/3,AB,K/13 (Item 7 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

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MEDICAMENT CONTAINER WITH SAME SIDE AIRFLOW INLET AND OUTLET AND METHOD OF USE

# CONTENANT DE MEDICAMENT À ENTREE ET SORTIE D'AIR DU MEME COTE ET PROCEDE D'UTILISATION

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

INNOVATIVE DEVICES LLC, 6008-101 Triangle Drive, Raleigh, NC 27617, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality)

Inventor(s):

SNOW John M, 6012 Dodsworth Drive, Raleigh, NC 27612, US, Legal Representative:

BATEMAN Randall B (et al) (agent), Morriss, Bateman, O'Bryant & Compagni, P.C., Suite 300, 5882 South 900 East, Salt Lake City, UT 84121, US, Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: (Application:)

WO 200185097 A2-A3 20011115 (WO 0185097) WO (2001018150615 20010402 (PCT/WO US0110615)

Priority Application: US 2000568643 20000510

Designated States: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW

(EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

(AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 14433

English Abstract

A medicament container (100) configured to improve entrainment of the medicament in the air and to improve deposition of the medicament in the lungs includes an upper layer (104) and a bottom layer (112) with medicament disposed therebetween. The upper layer is punctured to provide first and second openings (220) to allow airflow to enter and exit through the upper layer of the medicament container. In a preferred embodiment, the medicament container has a projection (172) which forms an elbow-shaped medicament containment/flow channel (224) between the upper layer and the lower layer. The medicament container is preferably used in a housing (300) which selectively controls airflow through the medicament container and the housing to improve deep lung deposition of the medicament.

Main International Patent Class: A61M-015/00

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description Detailed Description

... 186 has a plurality of concave receptacles 192 disposed concentrically around the opening for receiving medicament so that the powdered medicament is held between the upper layer 104 and the medicament, carrying tray 186...

# 26/3,AB,K/14 (Item 8 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT

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DRY POWDER INHALER DEVICES, MULTI-DOSE DRY POWDER DRUG PACKAGES, CONTROL SYSTEMS, AND ASSOCIATED METHODS

INHALATEURS A POUDRE SECHE, RECIPIENTS DE MEDICAMENTS SOUS FORME DE POUDRE SECHE EN DOSES MULTIPLES, SYSTEMES DE COMMANDE ET PROCEDES ASSOCIES

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AT CHAPEL HILL, 308 Bynum Hall, Campus Box 4105, Chapel Hill, NC 27599-4105, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US)

Patent Applicant/Inventor:

HICKEY Anthony J, 1208 Killington Court, Chapel Hill, NC 27514, US, US (Residence), GB (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

CROWDER Timothy M, 110 Hillcrest Circle, Chapel Hill, NC 27514, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

Legal Representative:

JENKINS Richard E (agent), Jenkins & Wilson, P.A., University Tower, Suite 1400, 3100 Tower Boulevard, Durham, NC 27707, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200168169 A1 20010920 (WO 0168169)

Application: WO 2001US2262 20010124 (PCT/WO\US01\02262)

Priority Application: US 2000188543 20000310

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(EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

(AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 18195

English Abstract

Dry powder inhalers (FIG. 1) with integrated active energy patient assist dispersal systems are configured with control systems which provide adjustable energy output responsive to the user's inspiratory capabilities and/or the flowability of the dry powder being administered. The multi-dose dry drug package (FIG. 2) a piezoelectric polymer substrate which flexes to deform and provide mechanical oscillation in a selected region of the package corresponding to the dry powder drug which is dispersed during inhalation by a user. Control system (FIG. 12) employs fuzzy logic to relate in response to a user's inspiratory effort.

Main International Patent Class: A61M-015/00

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... 40 are configured to hold a dose or

single-sized bolus quantity of a dry **powder drug** 30. In a preferred embodiment, the wells 40 are defined by **concave** contours formed in the piezoelectric substrate layer 28. It is also preferred that the dry **powder drug** 30 be sealed in the well by a sealant layer 45 such as a polymer...

...251b, and the nonreactive barrier 35, (and optionally the backing layer 50) have a conformal **concave** shape. That is, each layer substantially follows the shape of the piezoelectric substrate layer material...

...during application of the excitation signal across the piezoelectric substrate layer 28. Other non-circular **receptacle** configurations can also be employed such as, but not limited to, oblate or prolate spheroids...

#### 26/3,AB,K/16 (Item 10 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT

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00492734

FLEXIBLE MULTIPLE COMPARTMENT MEDICAL CONTAINER WITH PREFERENTIALLY RUPTURABLE SEALS

# RECIPIENT MEDICAL SOUPLE A PLUSIEURS COMPARTIMENTS POSSEDANT DE PREFERENCE DES JOINTS DE RUPTURE

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

B BRAUN MEDICAL INC,

BARNEY Ward W,

SMITH Steven L,

Inventor(s):

BARNEY Ward W,

SMITH Steven L,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent:

WO 9924086 A1 19990520

Application:

WO 98US20510 19981001 (PCT/WO US9820510)

Priority Application: US 97967687 19971112

Designated States: AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ VN YU ZW GH GM KE LS MW SD SZ UG ZW AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

Publication Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 19928

English Abstract

A flexible container (10) is provided for the storage and mixing together of diluents and medicaments. The container incorporates multiple compartments (18, 20, 22) separated by preferentially peeled seals (24, 26) in which the diluents and medicaments are stored. The container is constructed of thermoplastic materials having high oxygen and moisture barrier properties which allows the container to be stored for extended periods of time without degrading the contents. The peelable seals are ruptured by manipulation of the container to thereby mix the contents together for delivery through standard IV arrangement to a patient. The container is fillable with a single component liquid medicament which may be susceptible to sloshing or turbulence. Turbulence is minimized by eliminating the internal gaseous head space by initially forming the head space with a low molecular weight gas such as helium.

Main International Patent Class: A61M-001/00

International Patent Class: A61M-037/00

Fulltext Availability: Claims Claim

... but also for binary components comprising liquid diluents and powdered medicaments, if such is desired.

# CONTAINER WITH REDUCED HEAD SPACE

An additional embodiment of a medical container suitable for combined storage and administration of emulsions, liposomes, and the like, which are particularly susceptible to sloshing or turbulence, is illustrated in FIG. 1 3. While the container, generally indicated at 1 1 0, is superficially similar to previously described embodiments, it will be noted that the container comprises a single compartment II 2 adapted to contain an active ingredient, preferably a liquid...

- ...empty outlet compartment 114 by a generally straight, rectangular peelable seal 116 which spans the **container** and overlaps a permanent peripheral seal 16 which binds together the front and rear sheets comprising the **container**. An outlet port 30 is provided at one end of the **container** and is in communication with the outlet compartment 1 14. In operation, the **container** II 2 is manipulated by squeezing which causes fluid pressure developed in the component compartment...or gas) incorporated into the component compartment 1 1 2 with the liquid. Such a **container** I 1 0 is suitably manufactured from front and rear sheets comprising the above-described...
- ...thereof The front and rear sheets are combined together from film webs in a modular **container** fabrication apparatus such as disclosed in co-pending application serial number 08/837,927 filed...
- ...Front and rear sheet film webs are combined to form the general outlines of the **container** II 0 as illustrated in FIG. 13. In addition, the fabricated **container** includes a sacrificial strip extending from and disposed to one side of the **container** which also includes sacrificial filling ports and filling channels which are in communication with the...
- ...described in the noted reference, the sacrificial strip and sacrificial ports are useful during the container 's filling process, and are cutaway after filling is complete and the container is ready for shipment to the consumer. After the container is brought to the stage of fabrication where it is ready for filling with a liquid component, the container is initially sterilized by exposure to UV radiation or an electron beam (E-beam). After the sterilization procedure is completed, the sterilized medical containers are transported to an aseptic filling facility and the containers are aseptically filled in accordance with practice of the invention as is described with reference to an exemplary process flow-chart depicted in FIG. 14. 3 5 Container filling will take advantage of manufacturing technology developed in connection with integrated circuit fabrication that...
- ...more common in the medical industry. This technology generally involves a move away from conventional **container** filling in class I 00 aseptic environments, to **container** filling within an "isolator" unit in which the environment is sterile. The main distinction between...
- ...environment. Am isolator is in essence, a ccmini environment" which encloses the immediate machinery and **container** filling operation within a controlled space. The worker is separated from this space and interferes...
- ...disclosure of which is expressly incorporated herein by reference. As noted in the cited reference, containers are introduced and moved through a filling isolator by a transport mechanism which engages contact flanges provided on the container 's sacrificial ports for such purpose. The transport mechanism indexes and moves the container

- through the various process stations comprising the process, such as an initial weight determination, de...
- ...like. Specifically, and in accordance with the exemplary process flow diagrain of FIG. 14, the **container** I 1 0 is introduced into a liquid fill isolator and placed on a continuous-loop transport band which indexes the **container** through the steps of the liquid filling process. Each **container** is indexed to a fill station at which a robotic arm moves through an **arc** and gasps and removes the safety cap from the compartment's sacrificial port to make...
- ...solution, an active emulsion, or the like, is dispensed, in carefully controlled doses, into the **container** through the sacrificial port. It will be understood by those having skill in the art that liquid may be introduced to the **container** in a single dispensing step. Alternatively, a dual dispensing step or multiple dispensing step procedure may be used, where the **container** is indexed past two or more sequentially positioned dispensing nozzles. A multiple dispensing step procedure is particularly suitable for filling the **container** with liquids which are extremely susceptible to turbulence and which must be provided in carefully controlled dosages. Following the dispensing step, the **container** is indexed to a heat seal station where the component compartment head space is first...
- ...comprises a heat seal platen opposed to a backing plate which are closed over the **container** so as to seal off the communication channel between the sacrificial port(s) and the...
- ...continues the pen-nament 1 0 peripheral seal such that the entire periphery of the **container** is now closed-off. The filled **container** now exits the isolator and is rinsed and dried to remove any residual liquid from...
- ...and is trimmed to its final dimensions by removing the oversized sacrificial portion of the **container** which includes the sacrificial ports. **Container** fabrication and filling is now complete. 1 5 It will be understood by those having...filling process introduces a particular volume of helium gas into the component compartment of the **container** and does, indeed, initially define a head space within the **container**. Returning now to FIG. 13, the initial head space defined by the jet of helium...
- ...compartment. However, it will be immediately recognized that the thermoplastic films used to construct the **container** 1 1 0 have the properties of membranes and are, thus, subject to the physical...
- ...of relative permeability. For example, the 80:20 film comprising the front sheet of the **container** I I O has been described above as having a particular permeability with respect to oxygen (02). In addition to recognizing the **container** films as penneable membranes, it is also important to recognize that concentration driven diffusion across...
- ...Law, also applies to the system under consideration. When helium is initially introduced into the **container**, the volume of helium Vi is present at nominally one atmosphere. However, this volume comprises...
- ...that material across the membrane, helium will preferentially diffuse through (permeate) the material comprising the **container** and pass from the head space volume Vi into the atmosphere. Likewise, air (80% N2...
- ...20% 02) is subject to the same concentration gradient diffusion from the atmosphere to the **container** 's head space, but the exchange rate of air for helium is considerably less than...
- ...exchange between air and helium is determined by the ratio of the permeability of the **container** material to helium to the permeability of the **container** material to air. Since helium is an atomic gas, i.e.,

comprised of helium atoms...

- ...of air making it easier for helium to move between the component molecules comprising the **container** film. For example, the atomic radius of a helium atom is smaller than I angstrom...
- ...diffusion rate about 4 times that of air, such that as helium permeates through the **container** material and is replaced by air, the final head space volume, at equilibrium, is at...
- ...molecular cross-section. For example, the arrangement and configuration of the molecular chains comprising the **container** film will have 1 5 an impact on the relative diffusivities of the two gasses...
- ...head space. For example, the head space could be initially created with helium and the **container** could then be placed in a chamber filled with pure nitrogen (N2). A volume of...
- ...be considerably smaller than the initial volume of helium, and quite possibly practically nil. The **container** could then be removed from the nitrogen ambient and introduced into ordinary room atmosphere where...
- ...would cause some of the nitrogen comprising the final head space volume to permeate the **container** 's material into the air in competition with air's diffusing across the membrane into the head space volume. Because air comprises 80% nitrogen, the concentration gradient across the **container** film (the membrane) is relatively small and equilibrium rate exchange considerations would mean that the head space volume change would be di minimus. As liquid is dispensed from such a **container**, it is often desirable to evaluate the progress of an infusion by comparing the **container** 's liquid level to graduation marks provided on the **container** for such purpose. For this to happen, there must be a meniscus present in the liquid. It is for this reason that the outlet chamber 1 14 of the **container** I I 0 of FIG. 14 is filled with 0.2 micron filtered air. The...
- ...in the outlet compartment defines a meniscus on the surface of the liquid once the **container** is manipulated and the peelable seal 1 1 6 is ruptured. Thus, the liquid in...
- ...1 O preferentially peelable seals do not limit the scope of the invention. Use of **powdered medicaments** in the intermediate compartment or a plurality of compartments for **powdered** and liquid **medicaments**, to be mixed with various diluents, may be employed using the present invention. Moreover, the of the **container**. The thickness of the seals and their degree of overlap with the **container** 's permanent peripheral seal may all be adjusted to conform with particular manufacturing practices, while...
- ...space volume. Any other gas with a preferential permeability and/or diffusion rate through the **container** material with respect to air is suitable for use in initially filling the **container**. Alternative gasses might include hydrogen or neon or even argon, so long as the initial...
- ...film material with respect to air. The above descriptions of exemplary embodiments of flexible, sterile **containers** are for illustrative purposes. Because of variations which will be apparent to those skilled in...

# 26/3,AB,K/18 (Item 12 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT

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00313086

IMPROVEMENTS IN AND RELATING TO CONTAINERS OF PARTICULATE MATERIAL RESERVOIRS AMELIORES DE MATERIAU EN PARTICULES

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

CAMBRIDGE CONSULTANTS LIMITED,
EASON Stephen William,
CATTERALL Clive Patrick Ashley,
GRIFFIN David Peter,
Inventor(s):
EASON Stephen William,
CATTERALL Clive Patrick Ashley,
GRIFFIN David Peter,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

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Application: WO 95GB1105 19950516 (PCT/WO GB9501105)

Priority Application: GB 949851 19940517

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Publication Language: English

Fulltext Word Count: 7825

English Abstract

A method of producing a container (201, 231, 350) having a plurality of apertures (e.g. 202, 232, 352) each containing a respective dose of powdered material, such as a medicament, involves placing an empty container in a position in which its apertures communicate with a reservoir (216, 84) of powdered material. The material is then passed, for example by the flow of gas, from the reservoir into the apertures to fill the latter, and the container is then separated from the reservoir and the apertures are optionally sealed with sheet material (204, 206, 321, 323). Since the apertures are filled, their volume determines the amount of each dose which therefore does not have to be measured prior to introduction into the apertures. The container may comprise a rigid or flexible plate and in latter case can be subsequently rolled into the form of a cylinder for use in an inhaler. Apparatus for performing the method, and an inhaler for use with a cylindrical container, are also shown.

Main International Patent Class: A61M-015/00 Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

27/6/3 (Item 3 from file: 348) DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS

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00645138

BICARBONATE-CONTAINING POWDERED MEDICINE STORAGE CONTAINER AND METHOD OF STABILIZING THE SAME MEDICINE

27/6/14 (Item 7 from file: 349)

00795316 \*\*Image available\*\*

TRANSFER SET FOR VIALS AND OTHER MEDICAL CONTAINERS

27/6/20 (Item 13 from file: 349)

00470187 \*\*Image available\*\*

SERTRALINE SALTS AND SUSTAINED-RELEASE DOSAGE FORMS OF SERTRALINE

27/6/21 (Item 14 from file: 349)

00445160 \*\*Image available\*\*

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR AUTOMATICALLY TRANSFERRING LIQUIDS BETWEEN CONTAINERS